Kabarak University

BMATH 002 – Basic Algebra

INST: Answer Question One and Any other Three Questions

Q1. (25 MARKS)

(a) Use the properties of exponential to Simplify the following expressions

(i)
$$x^2 \cdot x^{-6} \cdot x^4$$

(ii) $\frac{4^6}{4^2} \times 4^3$
(iii) $(2^2 \cdot x^0)^4$ (10 marks)
(iv) $\left[\left[\left(x^2 y^{-3} \right) \left(x y^3 \right) \right]^2 \right]^0$
(v) $\left(\frac{6^4}{4^{-2}} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{4^6}{6^{-3}} \right)$

(b) Solve for x in the following expressions

i.
$$3^{2x} = 3^{4+x}$$

ii. $2^{x+1} = 2^{4x-5}$ (6 marks)

iii.
$$4^{x+1} = 64$$

(c) Given log 2 = 0.3010 and log 3 = 0.4771. Evaluate the following logarithms in base 10 without using a calculator; *i)* log 16 *ii*) log 15 *iii*) log 45

iv) log 400 v) $\frac{\log 6}{\log 3}$ (5 marks)

Using the basic properties of logarithms, solve the following equation for x

vii.
$$\log_3 x + \log_3(5+2x) = 3$$

(4 marks)

viii.
$$\log_4 x - \log_4 (x-1) = 1$$

Q2. (15 marks)

(b) solve for x in the following equations;

(i)
$$5x-2+x=8-3x+10$$

(ii) $\sqrt{\left(\frac{4x-1}{2x+1}\right)}=2$ (10 marks)
(iii) $x^2-3x-10=0$
(iv) $|3x-4|-3=9$
(v) $|5-2x|\leq 3$

Q3. (15 marks)

- (a) The sum of two numbers is 20. If 4 is added to the larger number, the result is 3 times the smaller number. Find the numbers. (4 marks)
- (b) The area of the rectangle shown below is 24 cm². What is the value of x? (4 marks)



(c) Using binomial expansion,

- i) write the 5th and the 12th terms in the following expression; $(x + 2)^{18}$ (3 marks)
- ii) using the 1st four terms in the binomial expansion, approximate to nearest 6 decimal points the value (2.02)¹⁰ (4 marks)

Q4. (15 marks)

(a) Evaluate the function for $f(x) = 3x^2 - 2x + 1$ and g(x) = x - 1.

i)
$$(f+g)(3)$$

ii) $(fg)(4)$
iii) $(f/g)(x)$
iv) $(f/g)(4)$ (8 marks)
(b) Given: $f(x) = 3x + 5$ and $g(x) = 5 - x$
Find; (i) f , $g(x)$, (ii) f , $f(x)$ and (iii) $f^{-1}(x)$; given (7 marks)

Q5. (15 marks)

(a) Perform the indicated operations if possible.

i.
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \\ 2 & -6 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
 ii. $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 6 & -8 \\ 3 & 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$

iii.
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \\ 2 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$
 iv. $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 5 \\ 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 3 \\ 5 & 6 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$

(8 marks)

(b) Find the determinants of the following matrices if they exist;

<i>i.</i> [11 _3	[1]	4 0]		0]	2	1		0	4]	
			ii.	3	-1	2	ii.i	3	2	(7 marks)
	[-3			4	0	1		-2	1	

Q6. (15 marks)

(a) using the matrix method, solve the following system of linear equations;

$$2x - 3y = -10$$

 $3x + 2y = 11$ (6 marks)

(b) Using the determinant method, find the following:

i. The equation of a line that passes thro' the points ; (-1,3) and (3,6). (3 marks)

- ii. Area of a triangle whose vertices have the following coordinates (-1,0) (3,8) and (6,-1). (3 marks)
- iii. Check whether these points are collinear; (0,2), (3,4) and (6,1). (3 marks)