**KABARAK** 



UNIVERSITY

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

# 2009/2010 ACADEMIC YEAR

## FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF COMPUTER

## SCIENCE

## **COURSE CODE:** PHYS 110

# **COURSE TITLE: ELECTRICITY & MAGNETISM**

- STREAM: Y1S1
- DAY: TUESDAY
- TIME: 2:00 4:00P.M.
- DATE: 23/03/2010

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

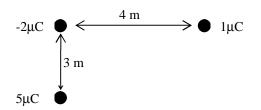
Instructions

- Answer question 1 and ANY other TWO
- You may need the following constants where necessary:  $\pi = 3.14$ ; ,  $\varepsilon_0 = 8.8541878176 \times 10 - 12$  F/m , g = 9.81 ms<sup>-2</sup>,  $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$  N·A<sup>-2</sup>.

## PLEASE TURN OVER

### **QUESTION 1 (30 MARKS)**

- (a) Briefly explain the origin of magnetism in materials (2 marks)
  (b) (i) State coulomb's law of charges. (2 marks)
  - (ii) Three charges are distributed in a right angled manner as shown below.



Determine the force exerted on 5  $\mu$ C by the other two charges. (5 marks)

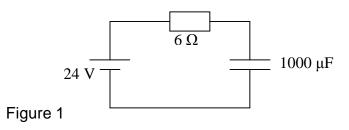
(b) A proton with a charge of  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$ C is released from rest in a uniform electric field of magnitude  $8 \times 10^4$  V/m. After the proton has moved 0.5 meters, calculate

| (i)   | The change in electric potential. | (2 marks) |
|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| (ii)  | The change in potential energy.   | (2 marks) |
| (iii) | The speed of the proton.          | (2 marks) |

(e) Show that the potential energy of two point charges  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  can be expressed as

 $U = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r_{12}}$ , where  $r_{12}$  is the distance separating the two charges. (3 marks)

- (f) For the circuit in figure 1, determine,
  - (i) The time constant
  - (ii) The amount of current that would flow 20 ms after the switch is turned on. (5 marks)



- (g) Distinguish between hard and soft magnetic materials (2 marks)
- (h) The earth's magnetic north pole is like the south pole of a magnet! Explain.
- (i) From Ampere's law, show that the magnetic field of a wire loop of radius r and carrying a current *I* can be expresses as (3 marks)

$$B = \frac{\mu_o I}{2\pi r}$$

(j) Sketch the magnetic field pattern and direction for a thin straight conductor. (1 mark)

### **QUESTION 2 (20 MARKS)**

- (a) Compare the properties of gravitational forces with those of electrostatic forces. (8 marks)
- (b) Two spheres separated by a distance d carry a charge of +46  $\mu$ C and -30  $\mu$ C.
  - (i) State what will happen to the charges on the sphere if they are made to touch each other and then returned to their original positions.
  - (ii) Determine the ratio  $\frac{F_1}{F_2}$ , where  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  are the forces between the two

spheres before and after contact respectively. (6 marks)

(c) Four charges have been placed on the corners of a square 50 cm on each edge as shown in figure 2. Calculate the NET force on the  $+3 \mu$ C. (6 marks)

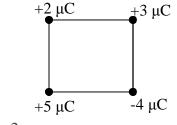
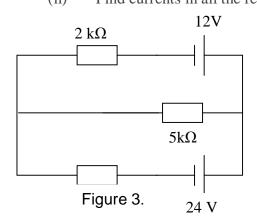


Figure 2.

### **QUESTION 3 (20 MARKS)**

- (a) Derive a general expression for the total resistance of a circuit for n resistors connected in parallel, hence determine the total power dissipated by a network of three parallel resistors of 4  $\Omega$ , 6  $\Omega$  and 10  $\Omega$  connected to a 12 V power supply. (8 marks)
- (b) (i) State Kirchhoff's circuit laws
  (ii) Find currents in all the resistors in figure 3.

(2 marks) (10 marks)

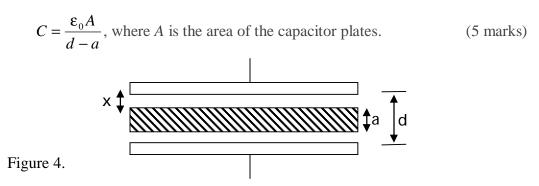


### **Question 4 (20 marks)**

| (a) | (i)   | Give four factors that affect the magnitude of induced magn<br>flux in a coil.  | netic<br>(4 marks) |
|-----|-------|---|--------------------|
|     | (ii)  | Show that the emf induced by a rotating coil is of the form   |                    |
|     |       | $E = E_0 \operatorname{sin}\omega t$  | (6 marks)          |
| (b) | (i)   | Explain why utility companies prefer to transport power over long distances at high voltages.   |                    |
|     | (ii)  | Why should AC be used on transformers and not DC?   |                    |
|     | (iii) | Suppose 10 MW of power is being transported over a power line the resistance of 0.200 $\Omega$ . How much power is lost along the line if the voltage of the line is (a) 240 V, (b) 24,000 V? (10 matrix) |                    |

#### **QUESTION 5 (20 MARKS)**

- (a) Describe the operation of a Wheatstone Bridge (7 marks)
- (b) Figure 4 shows a parallel plate capacitor with a conductor of thickness *a* inserted in between. Show for this arrangement, the capacitance can be expressed as



(C)(i)State Thevenin's theorem.(2 marks)(ii)Reduce the circuit below to Thevenin equivalent taking 20  $\Omega$  resistor as<br/>the load, hence find the current through the load.(6 marks)

