

**KABARAK**



**UNIVERSITY**

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

**2009/2010 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE**

**AND BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN ECONOMICS AND**

**MATHEMATICS**

**COURSE CODE: MATH 110**

**COURSE TITLE: BASIC MATHEMATICS**

**STREAM: Y1S1**

**DAY: FRIDAY**

**TIME: 9.00 – 11.00 A.M.**

**DATE: 11/12/2009**

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**INSTRUCTIONS:**

Answer Question **ONE** and any other **TWO** Questions

**PLEASE TURN OVER**

### QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

(a) Verify the distribution rule of union over intersection by use of a truth table. (8mks)

(b) (i) Write short notes on the following;

I) Union set (2 mks)

II) Intersection set (2 mks)

III) Universal set (2 mks)

(ii) Eliminate A from  $x = a \sin A$  and  $y = b \tan A$  (7 mks)

(c) Given  $f(x) = 4x^2 - 5x + 8$   
Find  $f^{-1}(x)$  (4 mks)

(d) Show that  $\sqrt{2}$  is an irrational number. (5 mks)

### QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

(a) State De`morgans Laws and hence prove them by reasoning technique (14mks)

(b) Prove that  $\sum_{j=1}^n j^3 = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$  By mathematical induction (6 mks)

### QUESTION THREE (20 MKS)

(a) Derive the following;  
(i) The sum of a A.P. (5 mks)  
(ii) Sum of G.P. (5 mks)  
(iii) Sum to infinity (5 mks)

(b) Express the following in lowest form

(i)  $0.\dot{4}\dot{5}$  (2 mks)

(ii)  $0.0\dot{7}$  (3 mks)

**QUESTION FOUR (20 MKS)**

(a) Prove that;

$$\cos A + \cos B + \cos C - 1 = 4 \sin \frac{A}{2} \sin \frac{B}{2} \sin \frac{C}{2} \quad (13 \text{ mks})$$

(ii) 
$$\frac{\cos \theta \sin^2 \theta + \cos^3 \theta}{\sin \theta} = \frac{1}{\tan \theta} \quad (1 \text{ mks})$$

(b) Derive cosine Rule (4mks)

**QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

(a) Define the following terms;

i) Permutation (2 mks)

ii) Combination (2 mks)

(b) How many 3 digit number formed from 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

(i) If repetition is allowed (2 mks)

(ii) Without repetition (2 mks)

(c) There are 3 boys and 4 girls at a birthday party. In how many ways can a team of 5 pupils be formed so as to include at least one boy. (5 mks)

(d) Use binomial to expand  $1/(1-x)$  as far as the term in  $x^3 = 1$  (7 mks)