

EXAMINATIONS

## 2008/2009 ACADEMIC YEAR

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE COURSE CODE: COMP 451

COURSE TITLE: MICROPROCESSOR - BASED DESIGN

STREAM: Y4S1

DAY:
MONDAY

TIME:
8.30-10.30 A.M.

DATE:
06/12/2008

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Attempt question one and any other two questions.
2. Question one carries $\mathbf{3 0}$ marks and the rest $\mathbf{2 0}$ each.
(a) A memory unit has a capacity of 65,535 words of 25 bits each. It is used in conjunction with a general purpose computer. The instruction code is divided into four parts. An indirect mode bit, operation code, two bits that specify a processor register and an address part.
(i) What is the maximum number of operations that can be incorporated in the computer if the instruction is stored in one memory word.
(ii) Draw the instruction word format indicating the number of bits.
(iii) How many bits are there in MBR, MAR and PC for the said memory capacity.
(b) (i) What is a control flow chart?
(ii) Name two types of blocks used in a low chart, clearly explaining the function of each of them.
(iii) Use a control flow chart to summarize the paths taken by the control unit during an execute cycle.
(iv) A bus organized CPU contains 30 processor registers. How many bits are needed to select each source register and destination register?
(c) Distinguish between the following:
(i) Operation, micro operation and a macro operation
(ii) Fetch cycle, indirect cycle, execute cycle and interrupt cycles
(d) Consider two 8-bit binary numbers $\mathrm{A}=01000001$ and $\mathrm{B}=10000100$
(i) Give the decimal equivalent of each number assuming
(a) That they are unsigned.
(b). That they are signed numbers in 2's complement representation.
(ii). Add the two unsigned binary numbers. What is the value of the status bits C , $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{Z}$ and V .
(e) (i) Give the infix notations of the following reverse polish expression.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{AB} * \mathrm{CD} *+\mathrm{EF} *+ \tag{0.5}
\end{equation*}
$$

(ii) Perform the logic AND, OR and XOR with two numbers 1001110 and 10101010

## QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

(a) Draw a block diagram of an Intel 8080 microprocessor.
(b) From the table below, List
(i) List of the control functions.
(ii) List of the micro operations that execute these instructions.


## OUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

(a) It is the function of the control unit to keep track of various cycles that occur during a Computer run. Draw a block diagram of the control unit showing various components that are used in generation of various control functions.
(b) An instruction is read from memory during the fetch cycle. Show the register transfer relations that specify this process.
(c) The register transfer micro operation that specifies an indirect cycle.

## QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

(a) The increment and skip instruction is useful for address modification and counting the number of times a program loop is executed. Show
(i) The macro-statement of the instruction
(ii) The sequence of micro operation that implements the instruction.
(b) Distinguish between the following instructions, clearly stating the micro operations
that implements them
(i) BUN: Branch unconditionally
(ii) BSA: Branch and save address.

## QUESTION FIVE (TWENTY MARKS)

Write the programs to evaluate the arithmetic statement

$$
\mathrm{X}=(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}) *(\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{D})
$$

(i) Using a general-register -type computer with two-address instruction. (4)
(ii) Using a stack organized CPU with zero-address operation instruction. (4)
(b) Draw a block diagram showing the organization of a memory stack.
(c) In some details write and explain the sequence of micro operations that implements the following operations in a stack memory.
(a) Push operation
(b) Pop operation.

