

KABARAK



UNIVERSITY

EXAMINATIONS

2008/2009 ACADEMIC YEAR

**FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN
ECONOMICS AND MATHEMATICS**

COURSE CODE: MATH 312

**COURSE TITLE: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL
EQUATIONS**

STREAM: Y3S1

DAY: WEDNESDAY

TIME: 2.00-4.00 P.M.

DATE: 10/12/2008

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions.

PLEASE TURN OVER

Question One (30 Marks)

- a) Consider the differential equation $y'' + 4y = 0$. Determine whether $y(x) = k_1 \sin 2x + k_2 \cos 2x$ is its solution where k_1 and k_2 are arbitrary constants. **(4 Marks)**
- b) Determine c_1 and c_2 so that $y(x) = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^x + 2 \sin x$ will satisfy the conditions $y(0) = 0$ and $y'(0) = 0$. **(5 Marks)**
- c) Solve $(D^2 - 4)y = x^2$. **(6 Marks)**
- d) For the equation $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 9y = 0$, show that $y_1 = \cos 3x$ and $y_2 = \sin 3x$ are two linearly independent solutions. **(3 Marks)**
- e) The differential equation for a circuit in which self-inductance and capacitance neutralize each other is $L \frac{d^2 I}{dt^2} + \frac{I}{C} = 0$. Find the current I as a function of t given that I is the maximum current and $i = 0$ when $t = 0$. **(6 Marks)**
- f) Solve $(x^4 - 2xy^2 + y^4)dx - (2x^2y - 4xy^3 + \sin y)dy = 0$. **(6 Marks)**

Question Two (20 Marks)

- a) Solve the following homogeneous differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = 5 \frac{y}{x} + 3 \frac{x}{y}$. **(8 Marks)**
- b) Solve the simultaneously equations,
- $$\frac{dx}{dt} + wy = 0 \quad] \quad] \quad] \quad] \quad (i)$$
- $$\frac{dy}{dt} - wx = 0 \quad] \quad] \quad] \quad] \quad (ii)$$
- (6 Marks)**
- c) Solve the initial value problem: $dy = x\sqrt{x^2 + 1}dx$, $y(0) = 1$. **(6 Marks)**

Question Three (20 Marks)

- a) Show that the differential equation $(3x^2y^4 + 2xy)dx + (2x^3y^3 - x^3)dy = 0$ is not exact.

Then reduce it to an exact form and solve it. **(12 Marks)**

- b) Given the differential equation $(D^2 - 7D + 10)y = e^{2x} + e^{5x}$. Determine the complementary function and the particular integral, hence write the general solution.

(8 Marks)

Question Four (20 Marks)

- a) The population of a country increases at the rate proportional to the current population. If the population doubles in 40 years, in how many years will it triple itself. **(10 Marks)**

- b) Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 5\frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = 0$, subject to $y'(0) = -1$ and

$y(0) = 1$. **(10 Marks)**

Question Five (20 Marks)

- a) David deposits Ksh.200,000 into an account in which interest accumulates at the rate of 5% per year, compounded annually. He plans to withdraw Ksh.30,000 per year.

(i) Set up and solve a differential equation to determine the value $Q(t)$ of his account t years after the initial deposit. **(10 Marks)**

(ii) How long does it take for his account to be exhausted? **(5 Marks)**

- b) Use the method of separation of variables to solve the differential equation:

$\frac{dy}{dx} = (1 + y^2)e^x$. **(5 Marks)**