## KENYA METHODIST UNIVERSITY <br> 1st TRIMESTER EXAMINATION <br> April 2008

| FACULTY | $:$ | SCIENCE \& SOCIAL STUDIES |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DEPARTMENT | $:$ | COMPUTER \& INFORMATION SCIENCE |
| COURSE CODE | $:$ | COMP 302 |
| COURSE TITLE | $:$ | Digital Electronics |
| TIME | $:$ | 2 HRS |

Instructions: Attempt Question 1 in Section A and any other two questions in Section B.

## SECTION A

QUESTION 1 (20 Mks)

1. Giving examples, differentiate between Analog and Digital Quantities. State the advantages of Digital Quantities.
2. If a certain computer has 128 Kbytes of memory, how many bits (binary digits) of information can it store?
3. Given that the

- amplification (or gain) of the audio amplifier in the above figure is 100
- signal voltage output of the radio detector $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o}}\right)$ is 0.1 volt
- The resistance of the speaker is 4 ohms,

Determine how much power is delivered to the speaker with the volume control set at

- Full volume
- One-half volume
- One-tenth volume

Use $P=\frac{E^{2}}{R}$ where P is the power in watts, E is the EMF in volts, and R is the resistance in ohms.
4. Find the Decimal Value of the following Binary Number: $10111_{2}$
5. Convert $87_{10}$ to its binary equivalent
6. Convert the Hex number $3 \mathrm{C}_{16}$ to its binary and decimal equivalent.
7. Convert $369_{10}$ to BCD

## SECTION B

## QUESTION 2 (20 Mks)

Show

1. $\mathrm{a} \cdot(\overline{\mathrm{a}}+\mathrm{b})=\mathrm{a} \cdot \mathrm{b}$
2. $a+(\bar{a} . b)=a+b$
3. Prove the absorption rule:

$$
\begin{equation*}
a+a \cdot b=a \tag{2Mks}
\end{equation*}
$$

4. Simplify

$$
x \cdot a+\bar{a} \cdot z+x \cdot z+x \cdot a \cdot z
$$

Define the term flipflop
Differentiate between simple and clocked flipflops

List any two uses of flipflops

Briefly describe any two types of flip-flops

## Question 3 (20 Mks)

a) Show that $\overline{a+b}=\bar{a} \cdot \bar{b}$
b) Using De-Morgan's theorem simplify $(a . b \cdot(c+\overline{b \cdot d})+\overline{a . b}) \cdot c \cdot d$
c) Implement the function $\mathrm{f}=\mathrm{a} . \mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c} . \mathrm{d}$ using $\mathrm{De}-$ Morgans in Gates
d) Explain what a Karnaugh map is.

## Question 4

a) What is the voltage at point x relative to the 0 V point?

b) $\mathbf{f}$ is defined by the following truth table. List all its min - terms. Consequently express $f$ in its Disjunctive Normal Form (DNF).

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ | $\mathbf{z}$ | $\mathbf{f}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

c) Express the following statement in terms of
(i) Logical (Boolean) expression.
(ii) Symbolic gates.

If chimney is not blocked and the house is cold and the pilot light is lit, then open the main fuel valve to start boiler

