

KENYA METHODIST UNIVERSITY

END OF FIRST TRIMESTER 2008 EXAMINATIONS

FACULTY : SCIENCE AND SOCIAL STUDIES
DEPARTMENT : COMPUTER AND INFORMATION SCIENCE
COURSE CODE : MATH 332
COURSE TITLE : THEORY OF ESTIMATION
TIME : 2 HOURS

Instructions:

- Answer question **ONE** (compulsory) and any other **TWO** questions.

Question 1

- a) Explain the four properties of a good estimator. (8 mks)
- b) Let x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n be a random sample selected from a population with mean μ and variance σ^2 . Show that the sample variance $s^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum (x - \bar{x})^2$ is an unbiased estimator for σ^2 . (5 mks)
- c) Let x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n be a random sample from a normal distribution with mean μ and variance σ^2 with p.d.f given as $f(x, \mu, \sigma^2) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x - \mu)^2\right\}$
Find the maximum likelihood estimators for μ and σ^2 . (7 mks)
- d) The following sample of IQ measurements of students selected from a class whose distribution is normal
- | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 91 | 80 | 99 | 110 | 95 | 106 | 78 | 121 | 106 |
| 100 | 97 | 82 | 100 | 83 | 115 | 104 | 114 | 118 |
| 96 | 101 | 79 | 130 | 101 | 94 | 101 | 79 | |
- calculate
- (i) Standard error. (2 mks)
- (ii) 98% confidence interval for the true mean. (5 mks)
- e) Explain what is meant by Minimum Variance Unbiased Estimators (MVUE). (5 mks)

Question 2

- a) A random sample of n observations x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n is selected from a population that possesses a Gamma probability density function with parameters α and β .

$$f(x, \alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{\Gamma\alpha\beta^\alpha} e^{-x/\beta} x^{\alpha-1}, \quad x \geq 0.$$

Where $\mu = \alpha\beta$ and $\sigma^2 = \beta^2$

Find the moment estimators for the unknown parameters. (10 mks)

- b) State Cramer-Rao inequality and give its significance in the theory of estimation. (4 mks)

- c) The Binomial distribution is given as

$$f(x, p) = \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}, \quad x = 0, 1, \dots, n.$$

Show that the distribution belong to the one parameter exponential families. Hence or otherwise find a complete and sufficient statistic for p. (6 mks)

Question 3

- a) Briefly explain what is meant by Bayesian Estimation. (4 mks)

- b) Let $y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \varepsilon$ be a linear model and ε is normally distributed with mean 0 and variance σ^2 . The least squares estimators are given as

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = \frac{\sum(x - \bar{x})(y - \bar{y})}{\sum(x - \bar{x})^2}$$

$$\hat{\beta}_0 = \bar{y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x}$$

Show that the estimators $\hat{\beta}_1$ and $\hat{\beta}_0$ are unbiased for β_1 and β_0 respectively. (8 mks)

- c) The IQ scores given below were obtained at random from a normally distributed population.

85, 91, 93, 99, 103, 107, 111, 115, 122, 95 construct a 95% confidence interval for the population variance. (8 mks)

Question 4

- a) State Rao-Blackwell Theorem. (3 mks)

- b) Given a sample x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n is distributed as Bernoulli

$$f(x/p) = p^x (1-p)^{1-x}, \quad x = 0, 1 \text{ and the distribution of the parameter } p \text{ is uniform}$$

$$h(p) = 1, \quad 0 \leq p \leq 1$$

Find the posterior distribution of p.

- c) Show that the normal distribution with mean μ and variance σ^2 belong to a two parameter exponential families. (5 mks)

- d) The following sample was selected from a normally distributed with unknown mean μ and known σ^2

69, 81, 67, 80, 71, 70, 78, 68, 57, 59

Construct a 98% confidence interval for the population mean. (7 mks)