

KENYA METHODIST UNIVERSITY
End of Trimester I, 2008 Examination

Faculty : Science and Social Studies
Department : Computer and Information Science
Course Code : MATH 410
Course Title : Complex Analysis I
Mode : School-Based
Time : 2 Hours

Instructions: Answer Question One and ANY OTHER TWO questions

Question One (30 marks) – Compulsory:

- a. Give two complex numbers $U = 3 + 5i$ and $V = 5 - 7i$, determine:
(i.) $U + V$
(ii.) $V * U$ (4 marks)
- b. Define the domain of definition for the function $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 1}$ (4 marks)
- c. Verify that $\frac{1 + 2i}{3 - 4i} + \frac{2 - i}{5i} = \frac{-2}{5}$ (6 marks)
- d. Use de Moivre's formula to derive the following trigonometric identity:
 $\cos 3\theta = \cos^3 \theta - 3\cos \theta \sin^2 \theta$ (6 marks)
- e. Find all the three cube roots of $-8i$ (6 marks)
- f. Write the function $f(z) = z + 1/z$ ($z \neq 0$) in the form $f(z) = u(r, \theta) + iv(r, \theta)$ (4 marks)

Question Two (20 marks)

- a. Show that the function $f(z) = z^2$ is differentiable (4 marks)
- b. Use the properties of conjugates and moduli to show that
i. $\overline{z + 3i} = \overline{z} + 3i$ (6 marks)
ii. $|z| = |\overline{z}|$ (4 marks)
- c. Given $f(z) = \frac{2z + 1}{z(z^2 + 1)}$
Determine the singular points and state why the function is analytic everywhere except at those points (6 marks)

Question Three (20 marks)

- a. Using Cauchy-Riemann equations, show that $f'(z)$ does not exist if $f(z) = 2x + ixy^2$ (4 marks)
- b. Show that $|e^{i\theta}| = 1$ (5 marks)
- c. Find the principle argument $\text{Arg } Z$ when $z = \frac{-2}{1 + \sqrt{3}i}$ (5 marks)
- d. Evaluate the integrals of t , for the following functions, in the given intervals:
i. $F(z) = e^{-zt}$, 0 to ∞
ii. $F(z) = e^{it}$, 0 to $\pi/4$ (6 marks)

Question Four (20 marks)

- a. Find the four roots of the equation $z^4 + 4 = 0$ and use them factor $z^4 + 4$ into quadratic factors with real coefficients (10 marks)
- b. Describe the domain of definition for the function $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 1}$ (4 marks)
- c. Express the function $f(z) = z^3$ in polar coordinates (4 marks)
- d. Solve $(1-i)^4$ (2 marks)