## KENYA METHODIST UNIVERSITY END OF TRIMESTER ONE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2009

**FACULTY** ARTS AND SCIENCES. DEPARTMENT COMPUTE.R INFORMATION SYSTEMS. COURSE CODE **CISY 311** COURSE TITLE MICRO-PROCESSOR PROGRAMMING. TIME 2 HOURS INSTRUCTIONS: Answer Question One and any other two questions **Question 1** a) What is a program? [2 marks] b) (i)Name the 3 basic parts of a typical microprocessor [3 marks] (ii)Explain what each of the above parts does [3 marks] c) Explain the following: • Bit Nibble Byte Word [4 marks] e) What are flags? [2 marks] f) (i) Compliment 1001 [2 marks] (ii)Rotate 11000011b left [2 marks] g) Using the terms 'reading' and 'writing' distinguish between program memory and data memory [2 marks] **SECTION B: (Attempt any two questions from this section)** a) Distinguish between a branch and a conditional branch as used in assembly language. [2 mark] [2 marks] b) Name any 2 CONTROL flags. c) What is an accumulator as used in microcontrollers [2 marks] d) Explain the following: • Jump on bit • Compare and jump • CALL [6 marks] e) IA-32 processors have three basic modes of operation: Name and explain them [6 marks] f) What is the stack [2 marks] Question 3 a) Convert to decimal: • 1011b [2 marks] 10100101b [2 marks] • A5h [2 marks]

b) The binary value for 510 is 111111110b (9 bits). An accumulator is only 8 bits wide. Explain how you would store this 9 bits number in an 8 bit accumulator [5 marks] c) There are 3 buses associated with the memory subsystem, namely data bus, control bus and address bus. Explain the functions of each [ 3 marks] d) Name any SIX types of STATUS flags [6 marks] Question 4 a) Distinguish between SET and CLEARED as used in flags [4 marks] b) Calculate the following: 1010 XOR 1110 1001 AND 1000 1110 OR 1001 [6 marks] [2 marks] c) (i) What is a directive (ii)List 2 directives [2 marks] d) Distinguish between Absolute call and Long call [4 marks] e) Name 2 forms of the JMP instruction [2 marks] Question 5 a) What is a label? [1 marks] b) Give 5 examples of logical instructions [5 marks] c) Explain the following Data transfer techniques Moving • Exchanging • Exchanging digit Swapping [8 marks] d) Give 2 examples of: • General registers • Segment registers • Pointer register [6 marks]