

## UNIVERSITY

## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

#### **NJORO CAMPUS**

#### FIRST SEMESTER 2012/2013

# THIRD YEAR EXAMINATIONS FOR THE DEGREES OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN AGRICULTURE AND BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN HORTICULTURE

## **AGEN 352: SOIL AND WATER MANAGEMENT**

STREAM: 2010 (Y3) B. SC. AGRIC/HORT

TIME: 3 hours

**DAY/TIME:** Friday, 03.00 – 06.00 pm

**DATE:** 11-01-2013

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. The paper contains questions in FIVE (5) questions
- 2. Attempt any FOUR (4)
- 3. Shown in parenthesis are marks for each question.
- 4. Use neat and well labelled diagrams to illustrate your answers where applicable
- 5. EACH QUESTION SHOULD BE STARTED ON A NEW PAGE

#### **QUESTION ONE**

- (a) Distinguish between the following terms as used in surveying:
  - (i) Geodetic surveying and Plane surveying
  - (ii) Differential levelling and profile levelling
  - (iii) Systematic errors and accidental errors

(iv) Precision and accuracy

(12 marks)

(b) A 30 m chain was found to be 12 cm short after chaining 1256 m. The same chain was found to be 29.5 cm too short after chaining a total distance of 2895 m. Find the correct length of the distance chained assuming the chain was correct at the commencement of chaining.

(6 marks)

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(c) The following are off-set distances made at eight equal intervals along a baseline of length 1120 m. 3.81, 4.37, 6.82, 5.26, 7.59, 8.90, 9.52, 8.42 and 6.43. Determine the area of the land in ha using Simpson's rule. (7 marks)

#### **QUESTION TWO**

(a) The following figures are staff readings taken in order during a levelling exercise: 0.813, 2.170, 2.908, 2.630, 3.133, 3.752, 3.277, 1.899, 2.390, 2.810, 1.542, 1.274 and 0.643.

The instrument position was changed after the fifth and the ninth readings were taken. The fourth reading was taken on a benchmark 2018.56 m. Enter the readings in level book form, check the entries, and find the reduced levels of all the points. Use the Rise and Fall method.

(17 marks)

- (b) Define the following terms as used in surveying:
  - (i) Off set
  - (ii) Turning point
  - (iii) Survey
  - (iv) Azimuths

(8 marks)

#### **QUESTION THREE**

(a) The soil loss from a farm planted with beans was estimated to be 120 Mg ha<sup>-1</sup>yr<sup>-1</sup> by the Universal Soil Loss Equation. If the field was 120 m long with a uniform slope of 12%, determine the soil loss from the field after terracing. Use the table below and assume that the cropping management remained constant.

Table Q3 (a): Control practice factor values:

% slope	Contour Farming	Contour Farming + Strip cropping + Rotation of crops	Contour Farming + Terracing
2 - 7	0.50	0.25	0.10
8 - 12	. 0.60	0.30	0.12
13 - 8	- 0.80	0.40	0.16

(13 marks)

(b) Briefly outline the uses of the universal soil loss equation

(12 marks)

#### **QUESTION FOUR**

(a) (i) Differentiate between cut-off drain and artificial water way

(5 marks)

(ii) Explain any FOUR forms of wind erosion

(8 marks)

(iii) List FOUR forms of water erosion

(4 marks)

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(b) Use the Kirpich formula to calculate the time of concentration of a surface runoff given a slope of 7% and with a length of 115 m. (8 marks)

## **QUESTION FIVE**

- (a) Define the following terms:
  - (i) Pedon
  - (ii) Weathering
  - (iii) Detention
  - (iv) Leaching

(8 marks)

- (b) At a given station, it was found that 250 mm of rainfall has a return period of 25 years.
  Determine the probability of one day rainfall which is equal to or greater than 250 mm, twice in 15 successive years.
  (7 marks)
- (c) Outline the FIVE functions of soil.

(10 marks)

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