

EGERTON



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

NJORO CAMPUS

SECOND SEMESTER 2011/2012

FOURTH YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF  
SCIENCE IN AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING AND BACHELOR OF SCIENCE  
IN WATER AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

AGEN 462: RESEARCH METHODS

STREAM: 2008 (Y4) AGEN/WEEN

TIME: 2 hours

DAY/TIME: Wednesday, 03.00 – 05.00 pm

DATE: 09/05/2012

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**INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. The paper consists of **FOUR (4)** questions.
  2. Answer **ALL** questions.
  3. All questions carry equal marks.
  4. Marks for each question are shown in parenthesis ( )
  5. Use clear and well-labeled diagrams/illustrations where necessary
  6. **EACH QUESTION SHOULD BE STARTED ON A NEW PAGE.**
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**QUESTION ONE**

(a) Describe the following terminologies as used in a research process:

- (i) Research.
- (ii) Population.
- (iii) Data.
- (iv) Hypothesis.

(12 marks)

(b) Why must review of literature of a research problem be done intensively, extensively, thoroughly and with a lot of diligence?

(13 marks)

**QUESTION TWO**

- (a) Briefly discuss the various sources of literature material in a research process. (18 marks)
- (b) A wheat flour packager is concerned that one of their machines has a mean fill per package of more than 2000 g which is the labeled net weight. While this will not raise any complaints from the customers, it could cost the company a lot of money. From past experience, the standard deviation of the package fill is about 21 g. Using  $\alpha = 0.05$ , determine the sample size to make  $\beta \leq 0.01$  when the actual mean is 2008 gm:
- (i) For one-tailed hypothesis testing, and
  - (ii) For two-tailed testing (7 marks)

**QUESTION THREE**

- (a) With the aid of a simple diagram, describe the generalized research process outlining its cyclic nature and the inter-relationship of the various stages with theory. (15 marks)
- (b) Giving examples, briefly explain the **FIVE** recognized sources of knowledge. (10 marks)

**QUESTION FOUR**

- (a) Distinguish between the following terms as used in research:
- (i) Conceptual research and Analytical research
  - (ii) Descriptive research and Fundamental research
  - (iii) Probability sampling and Non-probability sampling
  - (iv) Accessible population and Target population. (8 marks)
- (b) A population in a study comprised of three strata such that:
- $N_1 = 8,000$ ,  $N_2 = 3,000$  and  $N_3 = 4,000$  and the respective standard deviations are:  $\sigma_1 = 18$ ,  $\sigma_2 = 25$  and  $\sigma_3 = 9$ .
- (i) How should a sample size of 120 be optimally allocated to the three strata using disproportionate sampling design?
  - (ii) If the respective costs of sampling in Kenyan shillings were  $C_1 = 10,000$ ,  $C_2 = 6,000$  and  $C_3 = 9,000$ , what would be the respective strata allocation? (17 marks)



Table 1: Statistical Tables

Appendix

Table 2: Critical Values of Student's *t*-Distribution

d.f.	Level of significance for two-tailed test					Level of significance for one-tailed test				
	0.20	0.10	0.05	0.02	0.01	0.10	0.05	0.02	0.01	
	0.10	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005					
1	3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	61.657					
2	1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925					
3	1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841					
4	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604					
5	1.476	2.015	2.571	3.365	4.032					
6	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707					
7	1.415	1.895	2.366	2.998	3.500					
8	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.938	3.356					
9	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.881	3.259					
10	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169					
11	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106					
12	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.681	3.065					
13	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.042					
14	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.997					
15	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.987					
16	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921					
17	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.888					
18	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878					
19	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861					
20	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845					
21	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831					
22	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819					
23	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807					
24	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797					
25	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787					
26	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779					
27	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771					
28	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763					
29	1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756					
Infinity	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576					

Research Methodology

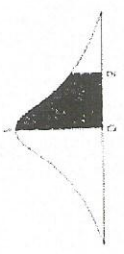


Table 1: Area Under Normal Curve  
An entry in the table is the proportion under the curve which is between  $z = 0$  and a positive value of  $z$ . Areas for negative values for  $z$  are obtained by symmetry.

Area under a standard normal distribution

<i>z</i>	0	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09
0	0.5000	0.5040	0.5080	0.5120	0.5160	0.5199	0.5239	0.5279	0.5319	0.5359
1	0.5398	0.5438	0.5478	0.5517	0.5557	0.5596	0.5636	0.5675	0.5714	0.5753
2	0.5793	0.5832	0.5871	0.5910	0.5948	0.5987	0.6026	0.6064	0.6103	0.6141
3	0.6179	0.6217	0.6255	0.6293	0.6331	0.6368	0.6406	0.6443	0.6480	0.6517
4	0.6554	0.6591	0.6628	0.6664	0.6700	0.6736	0.6772	0.6808	0.6844	0.6879
5	0.6915	0.6950	0.6985	0.7019	0.7054	0.7088	0.7123	0.7157	0.7190	0.7224
6	0.7257	0.7291	0.7324	0.7357	0.7389	0.7422	0.7454	0.7486	0.7517	0.7549
7	0.7580	0.7611	0.7642	0.7673	0.7703	0.7734	0.7764	0.7794	0.7823	0.7852
8	0.7881	0.7910	0.7939	0.7967	0.7995	0.8023	0.8051	0.8078	0.8106	0.8133
9	0.8159	0.8186	0.8212	0.8238	0.8264	0.8289	0.8315	0.8340	0.8365	0.8389
10	0.8413	0.8438	0.8461	0.8485	0.8508	0.8531	0.8554	0.8577	0.8599	0.8621
11	0.8643	0.8665	0.8686	0.8708	0.8729	0.8749	0.8770	0.8790	0.8810	0.8830
12	0.8849	0.8869	0.8888	0.8907	0.8925	0.8944	0.8962	0.8980	0.8997	0.9015
13	0.9032	0.9049	0.9066	0.9082	0.9099	0.9115	0.9131	0.9147	0.9162	0.9177
14	0.9192	0.9207	0.9222	0.9236	0.9251	0.9265	0.9279	0.9292	0.9306	0.9319
15	0.9332	0.9345	0.9357	0.9370	0.9382	0.9394	0.9406	0.9418	0.9429	0.9441
16	0.9452	0.9463	0.9474	0.9484	0.9495	0.9505	0.9515	0.9525	0.9535	0.9545
17	0.9554	0.9564	0.9573	0.9582	0.9591	0.9599	0.9608	0.9616	0.9625	0.9633
18	0.9641	0.9649	0.9656	0.9664	0.9671	0.9678	0.9686	0.9693	0.9699	0.9706
19	0.9713	0.9719	0.9726	0.9732	0.9738	0.9744	0.9750	0.9756	0.9761	0.9767
20	0.9772	0.9778	0.9783	0.9788	0.9793	0.9798	0.9803	0.9808	0.9812	0.9817
21	0.9821	0.9826	0.9830	0.9834	0.9838	0.9842	0.9846	0.9850	0.9854	0.9857
22	0.9861	0.9864	0.9868	0.9871	0.9875	0.9878	0.9881	0.9884	0.9887	0.9890
23	0.9893	0.9896	0.9898	0.9901	0.9904	0.9906	0.9909	0.9911	0.9913	0.9916
24	0.9918	0.9920	0.9922	0.9925	0.9927	0.9929	0.9931	0.9932	0.9934	0.9936
25	0.9938	0.9940	0.9941	0.9943	0.9945	0.9946	0.9948	0.9949	0.9951	0.9952
26	0.9953	0.9955	0.9956	0.9957	0.9959	0.9960	0.9961	0.9962	0.9963	0.9964
27	0.9965	0.9966	0.9967	0.9968	0.9969	0.9970	0.9971	0.9972	0.9973	0.9974
28	0.9974	0.9975	0.9976	0.9977	0.9978	0.9979	0.9979	0.9980	0.9981	0.9981
29	0.9981	0.9982	0.9983	0.9984	0.9984	0.9985	0.9985	0.9985	0.9986	0.9986
30	0.9987	0.9987	0.9988	0.9988	0.9988	0.9989	0.9989	0.9989	0.9990	0.9990