

EGERTON



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
NJORO CAMPUS

ACADEMIC YEAR 2013/2014
FOURTH YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE
IN ENGINEERING.

WEEN 410-ENGINEERING STATISTICS

STREAM: AGEN, WEEN, ICEN, CEEN

TIME: 2 HRS

DAY: MONDAY, 3 – 5 P.M.

DATE: 20/01/2014

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer question **ONE** and any other **TWO** questions.

Question one-Compulsory(30 marks)

(a). Distinguish between the following terms:

- (i) Discrete and continuous variables
- (ii). Raw and array data.
- (iii). Independent and mutually exclusive events
- (iv). parameter and statistic

8 marks

(b). Consider the following frequency distribution.

X	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	20
f	4	11	32	21	15	8	5	4

Calculate (i) Mean

(ii) Mode

(iii) Median

(iv) Standard deviation

8 marks

(c) Two dice are rolled and the sum is recorded. Let A be the event that the sum is 5 and B be the event that the value on the second die is less or equal to 3. Find the following:

(i) $P(A)$

(ii) $P(B)$

(iii) $P(A \cap B)$

(iv) $P(A/B)$

(v) $P(A \cup B)$

8 marks

(d). A factory finds that on the average 20% of the bolts produced by a given machine will be defective. Suppose that ten bolts are selected at random from the day's production of this machine, find the probability that:

(i). exactly two will be defective

(ii). at least three will be defective

(6 marks)

Question two(20 marks)

(a). In an experiment to predict a person's weight using the size of his shoe, the following data was obtained:

Shoe size(X inches)	9.5	9.6	10.5	10.5	11	8.5	9.5	10
Weight(Y kgms)	70	78	76	90	80	72	81	75

(i). Draw a scatter diagram

- (ii) Find the least squares regression line of weight on shoe.
 (iii) Predict the weight of a person whose shoe size is 12 inches.
 (iv) Calculate the product-moment correlation coefficient and interpret your results.

16 marks

- (b). The following frequency distribution shows the weights of people selected at random:

Weight	31-40	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	81-90	91-100
Frequency	15	10	11	12	7	3	5

Draw a less than ogive and use to predict the median.

(4 marks)

Question three- 20 marks

- (a). A survey showed that most students at Egerton University sleep for a mean number of 6 hours a day with a standard deviation of 1.5 hours. If the number of sleeping hours is normally distributed, what proportion of students sleep for:

- (i) less than 4 hours
 (ii) more than 8 hours
 (iii) between 4.5 and 7 hours

(10 marks)

- (b). If the number of fish a person catches per hour in a certain lake is a random variable having a Poisson distribution function with $\lambda = 2.8$. Find the probability that a person fishing there for one hour will catch:

- (i). No fish
 (ii). At least two fish
 (iii). At most three fish given that there are at least two fish

10 marks

Question four-20 marks

(a). In investigating several complaints concerning the weight of the “NET WT. 500gm” jar of local brand of peanut butter, the Kenya bureau of standards (KEBS) selected a sample of 64 jars. The sample had a mean of 490 gms and a standard deviation of 2 gms. Find

(i) 99%

(ii) 80%

confidence interval for the true mean weight of the “ net wt.500 gm” jar.

8 marks

(b). A purchaser of copper wires selected at random of 10 specimens from a normally distributed large lot and recorded their breaking strength (kg wt) as follows.

578, 572, 570, 568, 572, 578, 570, 572, 596, 548

Let μ be the actual mean breaking strength of the copper wires. Test at 1% level of significance, the hypothesis

$$H_0 : \mu = 578$$

vs

$$H_1 : \mu \neq 578$$

12 marks

Question five-20 marks

(a). Consider the experiment of tossing a coin four times. Find the probability that:

(i). the last outcome is a tail

(ii).the first three outcomes are heads

(iii).the first three outcomes are tails and the last one is a head.

(iv).the last outcome is a head if the first three are tails.

8 marks

- (b). The frequency distribution of the annual salaries of district commissioners in a certain province is as follows:

Salaries(kf,000)	1-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	13-15	16-18	19-21
Frequency	2	4	6	17	8	3	1

Calculate:

(i). mean

(ii). Mode

(iii) Median

(iv) Standard deviation

12 marks
