



(1-2 hours) (14 marks)

UNIVERSITY OF NAIROBI
SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS - 2012/2013

FIRST YEAR EXAMINATIONS FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR
OF SCIENCE IN ENGINEERING

FCE 162/FEB 112/EGE 172 : PURE MATHEMATICS IB

DATE: MAY 9, 2013

TIME: 8.30AM - 10.30AM

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer question **ONE** and any other **TWO** questions.

QUESTION ONE (Compulsory - 30 marks)

30/30

- a) Evaluate $\int \cos 7x \cos 3x dx$. (3 marks)
- b) Show that $f(x) = 8x - \sin 2x + 8 \cos x$ is an increasing function. (3 marks)
- c) Find the equation of the normal to the curve defined implicitly by $2x^2 + 3y^2 - 3x + 2y = 0$ at the point $\left(1, \frac{1}{3}\right)$. (5 marks)
- d) Find the polar equation for the circle $x^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 9$. (3 marks)
- e) Find the area of the region enclosed by the parabola $y = 2 - x^2$ and the line $y = -x$. (4 marks)
- f) Find the length of an arc of the cycloid $x = \theta - \sin \theta$, $y = 1 - \cos \theta$ between $\theta = 0$ and $\theta = 2\pi$. (5 marks)
- g) Find the equation of the curve passing through the point (3, 2) and having slope $5x^2 - x + 1$ at every point (x,y). (4 marks)
- h) Evaluate $\int \frac{\sec^2 x}{(1 - 4 \tan^2 x)^{1/2}} dx$ (3 marks)

QUESTION TWO (Optional - 20 marks)

- a) i) The area enclosed by the curve $y = x^2 + 1$ and the line $y = 3 - x$ is rotated completely about the x-axis to generate a solid. Find the volume of the solid. (4 marks)
- ii) The area enclosed by the curve $y = 4x - x^2$ and the line $y = 3$ is rotated completely about the line $y = 3$. Find the volume of the solid generated. (4 marks)

- b) A right circular cone of height h is inscribed in a sphere of radius R . Show that the volume v of the cone is given by

$$v = \frac{\pi}{3}(2Rh^2 - h^3).$$

Hence, find the dimensions of the cone that give the maximum value of v .

(12 marks)

QUESTION THREE (optional - 20 marks)

- a) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} x^3 \cos 2x \, dx$ using Tabular integration. (6 marks)

- b) Evaluate $\int \frac{x^2 + 2}{x(x+2)(x-1)} \, dx$ (7 marks)

- c) A spherical raindrop is formed by condensation in an interval of 40 seconds, its volume increasing at a constant rate from 0.032 mm^3 to 0.256 mm^3 . Find the rate at which the surface areas of the raindrop is increasing when its radius is 0.5 mm.

(7 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (Optional - 20 marks)

- a) Find the co-ordinates of the local extreme of $y = x^3 e^{-6x}$ and distinguish between them (8 marks)

- b) Sketch the graph of $y = f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x-2}$. (7 marks)

- c) Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{4}}}$. (5 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (Optional – 20 marks)

- a) Evaluate
- i) $\int \sin^4 x \cos^7 x \, dx$. (3 marks)
 - ii) $\int 4 \sec^2 x e^{\tan x} \, dx$. (2 marks)
- b) Obtain the first five (5) terms of the Taylor's series for $\ln x$ about $x = 2$ and use it to approximate the value of $\ln 2.10$, given that $\ln 2 \approx 0.6931$. (6 marks)
- c) A particle P moves in a straight line OX so that at time t , its velocity v in the direction of increasing x is $wt \sin 2wt$ where w is a constant. Given that P starts from rest at 0 when $t = 0$, find:
- i) The acceleration of P when $t = \frac{\pi}{2w}$. (3 marks)
 - ii) The distance OP when P comes momentarily to rest for the first time after leaving O. (6 marks)

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