



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD SCIENCES
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN
FOOD SECURITY**

3RD YEAR 2ND SEMESTER 2013/2014 ACADEMIC YEAR

REGULAR

COURSE CODE: AAS 3327

COURSE TITLE: Apiculture and Sericulture

EXAM VENUE:LR 7

STREAM: BSc [Food Security]

DATE:11/12/14

EXAM SESSION: 2.00 – 4.00PM

TIME: 2.00 HOURS

Instructions:

- 1. Answer ALL question in Section A [compulsory] and ANY other TWO questions in Section B.**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.**

SECTION A [30 MARKS]

1. a) Name two Orders of insects that are known for beneficial species. [2 marks]
b) State three reasons why not all members of the class Insecta [Hexapoda] are considered noxious or harmful. [3 marks]
2. a) Distinguish between *Bombyx mori* and *Anaphe panda* cocoons. [1 marks]
b) Briefly explain why the name silk worm as applied to *Bombyx mori* is not correct scientifically. [1 mark]
3. a) Briefly describe the life cycle of the silkworm, *Bombyx mori*. [1 marks]
b) State three importance of sericulture enterprise. [3 marks]
4. a) Name three major diseases of the silkworm, *Bombyx mori* [3 marks]
b) State five conditions that must be considered for successful raising of silkworms [*Bombyx mori*] for achieving high cocoon productivity [2 marks]
5. a) State three factors that can cause swarming in the African honey bee, *Apis mellifera* [3 marks]
b) State three feasible interventions for reducing swarming behavior among *Apis mellifera* [3 marks]
6. a) Briefly describe the materials collected by *Apis mellifera* from plants for the livelihood of its colony. [2 marks]
b) Briefly describe how bees make wax for construction of combs. [1 marks]
7. a) Name two melliferous plants found in western Kenya. [2 marks]
b) Briefly state why honey is considered an important nutrition enhancing food commodity. [1 marks]
8. a) Name one crops whose yields are believed to increase through bee-mediated pollination services. [1 marks]
b) Name one melliferous plant that simultaneously produces both nectar and pollen. [1 mark]

SECTION B **[40 MARKS]**

8. Compare and contrast the different methods of beekeeping with Log wood, Top bar and Langstroth beehives. [20 marks]
9. Discuss the role of bees in agriculture and why there is low adoption of Apiculture technology among farmers in western Kenya. [20 marks]
10. Discuss how mulberry plant [*Morus alba*], silkworm frass and pupae [both from and of *Bombyx mori* respectively] can be mobilized to provide income, food and nutrition security in areas where traditional farming has failed to adequately address these. [20 marks]