COMP 121: DISCRETE STRUCTURES DAY: WEDNESDAY DATE: 15/4/2015

TIME: 2:00 – 4:00PM

STREAM: Y1S2

INSTRUCTIONS:

Part-A is compulsory, have30 marks and from Part-B, You can attempt any two questions. Each question has 20 marks.

PART-A

QUESTION 1 (30 Marks)

a) State the following:

(i)	The principle of extension.	1 Mark		
(ii)	The principle of abstraction.	1 Mark		
b) Rewrite the following statements using set notation:				
(i)	the element 1 is not a member of A	1 Mark		
(ii)	A is a subset of B	1 Mark		
c) Simplify	$y \frac{(n+1)!}{(n-1)!}$	4 Marks		

d) Construct logic networks for the following Boolean expressions, using AND gates, OR

gates, and inverters. $(\bar{x} + y)z$ 3 Marks

e) A group consists of nine men and six women. Find the number m of committees of six that can be selected from the class.2 Marks

f) The relation R on a set is represented by

$$\mathbf{M}_{\mathrm{R}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find out whether R is reflexive, symmetric or antisymmetric?	6 Marks
g) Draw the complete bipartite graphs $K_{2,3}$	2 Marks

h) Draw the relation graph for the following relations

(i)
$$R = \{(1,1), (1,3), (2,1), (2,3), (2,4), (3,1), (3,2), (4,1)\}$$
 on the set $X = \{1,2,3,4\}$
(ii) $S = \{(1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (2,2), (2,3), (3,3)\}$ on the set $Y = \{1,2,3\}$ 3 Marks

i) Use a K-map to find the minimal form for each of the following complete sum-ofproducts Boolean expressions and draw the logic circuit diagram.

 $E_1 = ABC + ABC$

PART B

QUESTION 2(20 Marks)

a) Consider the following sets:

(II) $Y = \{y: y \text{ is an positive integer, divisible by } 2\}$

(III) $Z=\{z: z \text{ is an even number , greater than } 2\}$

Which of them are subset of $w = \{2, 4, 6, \dots, \}$?	3 Marks			
b) Determine the power set P (A) of A= $\{1, 3, 5\}$	4 Marks			
c) Draw a Venn diagram of sets A, B, C where A and B have elements in common, B and				
C have elements in common, but A and C are disjoint.	2 Marks			
d) Construct the truth table for $(\sim p) \vee (\sim q)$	4 Marks			
e) Suppose U= $\{1,2,3,\ldots,8,9\}$, A= $\{1,2,3,4\}$, B= $\{2,4,6,8\}$, and C= $\{3,4,5,6\}$. Find				
(i) $(A \cup B) \cup C$ and (ii) $A \cup (B \cup C)$	4 Marks			
f) Determine which of the following sets are finite.				

- (i) $A = \{ seasons in the year \}$
- (ii) $B = \{ state in the union \}$
- (iii) C={+ve integers less than 1} 3 Marks

QUESTION 3(20 Marks)

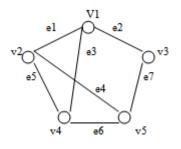
a) Suppose U= $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, 8, 9\}$, A= $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, B= $\{2, 4, 6, 8\}$, and C= $\{3, 4, 5, 6\}$. A^c Find (i) A\B (ii) (iii) B\B 4 Marks b) Draw the graph with the following adjacency matrix. 2 Marks b a с d 0 1 0 0a 0 0 2 b 0 2 0 0с 00 1 d 1 04 Marks c) Construct the truth table for $p \land (p \lor q)$

d) Prove the absorption laws: $A \cup (A \cap B) = A$ 4 Marks

e) Find the number of distinct permutations that can be formed from all the letters of each word "EXAMINATION"
g) Let A = {1, 2, 3} and B = {a, b}. Find A×B
4 Marks

QUESTION 4(20 Marks)

a) Find the adjacency matrix A of the graph G in figure.



4 Marks

b) One hundred students were asked whether they had taken courses in any of the three areas, *Computer*, *Physics*, and *History*. The results were:

26 had taken Computer

22 had taken Physics

33 had taken *History*

6 had taken *Computer* and *Physics*

8 had taken *Computer* and *History*

5 had taken *History* and *Physics* and

2 had taken all the three courses.

(i) Draw a Venn diagram that will show the results of the survey.	3 Marks

(ii) Determine the number of students who had taken exactly ONE of the courses.

	1 Mark
(iv) Number of Students who had taken exactly TWO of the courses.	1 Mark
(v) Number of Student who have taken NONE of the courses.	1 Mark
c) Prove $x + \overline{y} = x + (\overline{x} \cdot \overline{y} + \overline{x} \cdot \overline{y})$	2 Marks
d) Prove that $x \oplus y = y \oplus x$	3 Marks
e) Draw all trees with five vertices	5 Marks

<u>QUESTION 5(20 Marks)</u>

a) Draw the logical networks for

(i)
$$(a.\overline{b}) + (\overline{a}.b)$$

b) Consider the following three relations on the set $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$:

 $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (3, 3)\}$

$$S = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3)\}\$$

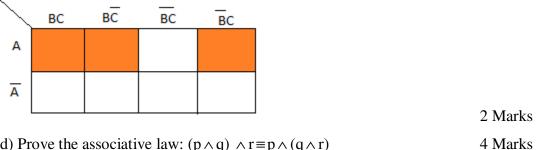
$$T = AXA$$

(i) Determine which of the relations are reflective.

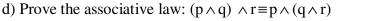
(ii) Determine which of the relations are symmetric.

(iii) Determine which of the relations are transitive.

c) Find the minimal form expression of K-Map given below:-



3 Marks



e) Draw the K-Map of the following expression. $Z = f(A,B,C) = ABC + A\overline{B}\overline{C} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C} + AB\overline{C}$ AB \overline{C} 2 Marks f) Suppose the truth table of an expression is T= [A=00001111, B= 00110011, C= 01010101, L= 11101001 (i) Find out the Expression of given truth table.

(ii) Draw the K-Map and find the minimal form of this. 5 Marks