

311/2  
HISTORY AND  
GOVERNMENT  
Paper 2  
Oct./Nov. 2006  
2½ hours

THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL  
Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education  
HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT  
Paper 2  
2½ hours

*This paper consists of THREE sections: A, B and C.  
Answer ALL the questions in section A, three questions from section B and two questions from section C.  
Answers to all the questions must be written in the answer booklet provided.*

**This paper consists of 3 printed pages**  
**Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the**  
**pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing.**

## SECTION A (25 marks)

*Answer all the questions in this section in the answer booklet provided.*

- 1 Give one reason why Homo Habilis was referred to as 'able man.' (1 mark)
- 2 Identify one area in Africa where agriculture began. (1 mark)
- 3 Identify one type of trade. (1 mark)
- 4 Identify two improvements which were made on Macadamized roads in the nineteenth Century. (2 marks)
- 5 State two advantages of the use of electricity in industries during the Industrial Revolution. (2 marks)
- 6 State the main contribution of the discovery of Chloroform in the field of medicine (1 mark)
- 7 Identify two factors that led to the growth of Athens as an urban centre. (2 marks)
- 8 Name two officials who assisted the ruler of the Shona to administer the Kingdom. (2 marks)
- 9 What is the difference between the scramble and partition of Africa in the nineteenth century? (2 marks)
- 10 Name one colony of Britain in West Africa. (1 mark)
- 11 Give one reason why the Africans in Tanganyika were against the use of Akidas by the German colonial administrators. (1 mark)
- 12 Identify two peaceful methods which the nationalists in South Africa used in the struggle for independence. (2 marks)
- 13 Give one reason why the United States of America (U.S.A.) did not join the First World War until 1917. (1 mark)
- 14 Give the main reason for the failure of the League of Nations. (1 mark)
- 15 State two achievements of Pan-Africanism between 1945 and 1963. (2 marks)
- 16 State two political challenges that Tanzania faced during the rule of President Mwalimu Julius Nyerere. (2 marks)
- 17 Who is the head of Government in India? (1 mark)

**SECTION B (45 marks)**

*Answer any THREE questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.*

- 18 (a) What were the physical changes which occurred in early human beings as they evolved from ape-like creatures to modern people? (5 marks)
- (b) Describe the way of life of early human beings during the Old Stone Age period. (10 marks)
- 19 (a) Give three factors which should be considered when sending a message. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain the effects of Telecommunications on modern society. (12 marks)
- 20 (a) Give three reasons why Lobengula was defeated by the British in 1893. (3 marks)
- (b) What were the results of the British-Ndebele War of 1893? (12 marks)
- 21 (a) What five reasons encouraged nationalists in Mozambique to use armed struggle to attain independence? (5 marks)
- (b) Describe the problems which undermined the activities of the nationalists in Mozambique. (10 marks)

**SECTION C (30 marks)**

*Answer any TWO questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.*

- 22 (a) Give three ways through which trade contributed to the rise of the Asante Kingdom in the 18<sup>th</sup> Century. (3 marks)
- (b) Describe the social organization of Asante Kingdom in the eighteenth Century. (12 marks)
- 23 (a) Give three categories of members of parliament in Britain. (3 marks)
- (b) What are the duties of the Prime Minister in Britain? (12 marks)
- 24 (a) Give three organs of Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS). (3 marks)
- (b) What are the achievements of Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS). (12 marks)