311/1 HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT Paper 1 Oct./Nov. 2008 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> hours

THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL
Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education
HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT
Paper 1
2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> hours

## Instructions to Candidates

This paper consists of three sections: A, B and C.

Answer all the questions in section A, three questions from section B and two questions from section C.

Answers to all the questions must be written in the answer booklet provided.

This paper consists of 3 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing.

## SECTION A (25 marks)

## Answer ALL the questions in this section in the answer booklet provided.

1	Identify two ways through which archaeologists obtain information on the history	of Kenya. (2 marks)
2	Name two communities in Kenya who belong to the Plain Nilotes.	(2 marks)
3	What was the original homeland of the Eastern Cushites?	(1 mark)
4	State two similarities in the political organisation of the Ameru and Abagusii of k during the 19 <sup>th</sup> Century.	Cenya (2 marks)
5	Give the main reason why the early visitors came to the Kenyan coast by 1500 A.D.  (1 mark)	
6	Name the missionary society that established a home for freed slaves at the coast in the 19 <sup>th</sup> century.	` /
7	State two causes of the Agiriama resistance to the establishment of colonial rule in Kenya. (2 marks)	
8	Give two reasons why Africans in Kenya moved to towns during the colonial per	
9	State one grievance raised by the Asians in Kenya that was addressed by the Dev White Paper.	onshire (1 mark)
10	State two problems faced by independent schools established by Africans during colonial period.	the (2 marks)
11	Identify two ways of becoming a Kenyan citizen.	(2 marks)
12	Give one reason why the government of Kenya may limit a persons freedom of speech.	
13	Give one way through which parliamentary supremacy in Kenya can be limited.	(1 mark)
14	Give one House Committee of Parliament which deals with government financia	l matters. (1 mark)
15	State two ways in which the rule of law is applied in Kenya.	(2 marks)
16	Who is the head of the judiciary in Kenya?	(1 mark)
17	Give one reason why the government of Kenya prepares a national budget.	(1 mark)

## **SECTION B (45 marks)**

Answer any three questions from this section in the answer booklet provided.

18 Give three factors which contributed to the development of trade between the (a) Kenyan coast and the outside world by the 16<sup>th</sup> Century. (3 marks) What reasons led to the decline of the Portuguese rule along the Kenyan coast (b) during the 17<sup>th</sup> Century? (12 marks) 19 State three reasons which made the British government encourage white settlement (a) in Kenya during the colonial period. (3 marks) (b) Describe six problems experienced by the European settlers in Kenya during the colonial period. (12 marks) 20 Identify three trade unions which joined to form the Kenya Federation of Labour (a) during the struggle for independence in Kenya. (3 marks) (b) Explain the role played by trade unions to improve the lives of the people of Kenya during the colonial period. (12 marks) State five reasons why the government of Kenya adopted the Sessional Paper 21 (a) No. 10 of 1965. (5 marks) (b) Explain the social effects of the national philosophies on development in Kenya. (10 marks) SECTION C (30 marks) Answer any two questions from this section in the answer booklet provided. 22 Identify three Parliamentary duties of the President in Kenya. (3 marks) (a) (b) Explain six difficulties Jomo Kenyatta faced after becoming the President of Kenya. (12 marks) 23 (a) Identify five functions of the traffic police in Kenya. (5 marks) Describe five measures that have been introduced to improve the work of the police **(b)** in Kenya. (10 marks) 24 Identify five requirements in the constitution making process. (5 marks) (a) **(b)** Describe five features of the Independence Constitution of Kenya.

(10 marks)