

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

11
 8
 19
 11
 3

- a) If $\bar{a} = 2i + 3j + 4k$ and $\bar{b} = 5i - 6j + 7k$ evaluate (6 marks)
- $\bar{a} \cdot \bar{b}$
 - $\bar{a} \times \bar{b}$
- b) Calculate the angle between the two vectors $\bar{a} = 2i + 2j - k$ and $\bar{b} = 6i - 3j + 2k$ (5 marks)
- c) Show that the vectors $\bar{a} = 3i - 2j + k$ and $\bar{b} = 2i + j - 4k$ are orthogonal. (3 marks)
- d) Solve for x and y using method of determinants (5 marks)
- $$x + 2y = -4$$
- $$5x + 3y = 1$$
- e) If $w = 3t^2i + \cos 2tj$, find (6 marks)
- $\frac{dw}{dt}$
 - $\left| \frac{dw}{dt} \right|$
 - $\frac{d^2w}{dt^2}$
- f) If $r = 3ti + t^2j + (1+2k)k$, evaluate $\int_0^1 r dt$ (5 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) If $\bar{a} = 2i - 3j + 4k$, $\bar{b} = i - 2j + 3k$ and $\bar{c} = 2i + j + 2k$. Find (12 marks)
- $\bar{b} \times \bar{c}$
 - $\bar{a} \cdot (\bar{b} \times \bar{c})$
 - $\bar{a} \times (\bar{b} \times \bar{c})$
 - $\bar{b}(\bar{a} \cdot \bar{c}) - \bar{c}(\bar{a} \cdot \bar{b})$
- b) Find the volume of the parallelepiped whose edges are given by $\bar{a} = 2i - 3j + 4k$, $\bar{b} = i + 2j - k$ and $\bar{c} = 3i - j + 2k$ (4 marks)
- c) Determine the value of m such that the vectors $\bar{a} = 2i + j + 4k$, $\bar{b} = 3i + 2j + mk$ and $\bar{c} = i - 4j + 2k$ are coplanar. (4 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

a) Consider the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 5 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ (8 marks)

- i. Find characteristic polynomial of A.
- ii. Find all the eigenvalues of A and their corresponding eigenvectors

b) Solve the following system using Cramer's rule (12 marks)

$$x + 3y + 2z = -13$$

$$2x - 6y + 3z = 32$$

$$3x - 4y - z = 12$$

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a) Solve the following system of linear equation using LU decomposition.

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 5$$

$$2x_1 - 4x_2 + 6x_3 = 18$$

$$3x_1 - 9x_2 - 3x_3 = 6$$

(14 marks)

b) Find LU decomposition of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & -3 \\ -2 & 8 & 5 \\ 3 & 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

(6 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) If $\underline{w} = 3t\mathbf{i} - t^2\mathbf{j}$, and $\underline{z} = 2t^2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}$, verify the results (10 marks)

$$\text{i)} \quad \frac{d}{dt}(\underline{w} \bullet \underline{z}) = \underline{w} \bullet \frac{dz}{dt} + \frac{dw}{dt} \bullet \underline{z}$$

$$\text{ii)} \quad \frac{d}{dt}(\underline{w} \times \underline{z}) = \underline{w} \times \frac{dz}{dt} + \frac{dw}{dt} \times \underline{z}$$

b) Prove that the following function is a linear transformation. (10 marks)

$$T : R^2 \rightarrow R^2 \text{ With } T \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = T \begin{bmatrix} x+y \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$