

NAME..... ADM NO.....
SCHOOL..... INDEX NO.....
STREAM..... DATE..... SIGN.....

311/2

HISTORY & GOVERNMENT

PAPER 2

JUNE

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

BUNYORE-MARANDA JOINT EXAMINATIONS

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E)

311/2

HISTORY & GOVERNMENT

PAPER 2

TIME: 2 ½ HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This paper has THREE sections: A, B and C
2. Answer ALL the questions in section A, three questions in section B and two from section C.
3. All the answers MUST be written in the answer sheets provided

This paper consists of 2 printed pages. Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

SECTION A (25 MKS) – ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

1. What was the maker of Oldowan tools? (1 mark)
2. Give one contribution of archaeology to the study of History (1 mark)
3. Give two new cultural developments made by early man in the new stone age (2 marks)
4. Give two contributions of the invention of steam engine to industry in the 18th century. (2 marks)
5. Identify the main role of the Berbers during the Trans Saharan Trade. (1 mark)
6. State two disadvantages of the use of bronze in the pre-colonial African societies (2 marks)
7. Give one reason why the Europeans preferred to buy slaves from Africa during Trans Atlantic trade. (1 mark)
8. What was the main economic activity of Buganda in the 19th Century? (1 mark)
9. State two factors why early urban centres were located near rivers. (2 marks)
10. Mention two reasons why direct rule was used in Zimbabwe by the British (2 marks)
11. Mention one term of the Buganda agreement of 1900 (1 mark)
12. State one of the French communes in Senegal (1 mark)
13. Identify one role played by Convention People's Party (CPP) in the struggle for independence in Ghana. (1 mark)
14. State one way in which the treaty of Versailles signed in 1919 affected Germany. (1 mark)
15. State two benefits of international relations. (2 marks)
16. State two ways in which poor transport systems have contributed to food shortages in Africa. (2 marks)
17. Identify two types of democracy. (2 marks)

SECTION B (45 MARKS) - ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

18. (a) State five disadvantages of the open field system of farming in Britain before the Agrarian revolution. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain five effects of Agrarian revolution in Britain (10 marks)
19. (a) State three negative impacts of the Trans Saharan Trade (3 marks)
- (b) Describe the organization of the Trans Saharan Trade (12 marks)
20. (a) State three advantages of E-mail in modern communication (3 marks)
- (b) Explain six problems associated with the use of modern telecommunication facilities. (12 marks)
21. (a) State five grievances of the Shona – Ndebele during the Chimurenga war of 1896 – 1897 towards the British. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain five reforms introduced by the German administration in Tanganyika after the Maji Maji rebellion. (10 marks)

SECTION B (30 MKS) – ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS

22. (a) State three privileges which were enjoyed by assimilated Africans in the four communes of Senegal. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain six reasons why assimilation policy failed in the areas outside the communes. (12 marks)
23. (a) Identify three member states of the new East African Community established in 2001. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain six benefits of the new East African Community established in 2001 to its members. (12 marks)
24. (a) Mention five causes of the First World War (1914 – 1918) (5marks)
- (b) Explain five results of the First World War (1914 – 1918) (10 marks)