NAMI	E	Adm No
Date:	•••••	Candidate's Signature

233/3 CHEMISTRY PAPER 3 JUNE 2016

TIME: 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> hours

THE 4MCK JOINT EXAMINATION
Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (KCSE)
CHEMISTRY
Paper 3
Practical

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES.**

- Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- Sign and write the date of exam in the spaces above.
- Answer **ALL** the questions in the spaces provided.
- You are not allowed to start working with the apparatus for the first 15 minutes of the 2¼ hours allowed time for the paper.
- Use the 15 minutes to read through the question paper and not the chemicals you require
- o Mathematical tables and electronic calculators may be used.
- All working **MUST** be clearly shown where necessary.

## FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY.

Maximum score	Candidate's score
21	
10	
09	
40	
	21

- 1. You are provided with
  - i) Solution P; Acidifed potassium Manganate (VII)
  - ii) Solution Q; 0.05M Oxalic acid
  - iii) Solution R containing 4.9g of (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>.FeSO<sub>4</sub>.6H<sub>2</sub>O in 250cm<sup>3</sup>

## You are required to

- i) Determine the rate of reaction between Oxalic acid and Potassium Manganate(VII)
- ii) Determine the concentration of substance P in moles per litre.

## PROCEDURE 1

a) Using a burette, place 2cm³ of solution P into each of the five test tubes in a test tube rack. Using a 10ml measuring cylinder place 18cm³ of solution Q into a boiling tube.

Insert a thermometer into solution Q and place it in warm water bath until it attains a temperature of 40°c. Remove the boiling tube and place it in a test tube rack. Add first portion of solution P and the same time start a stop watch. Record the time taken for solution P to decolourize and record in the table below. Repeat the experiment using 18cm³ of solution Q at the temperatures 50°c, 60°c, 70°c and 80°c to complete the table below

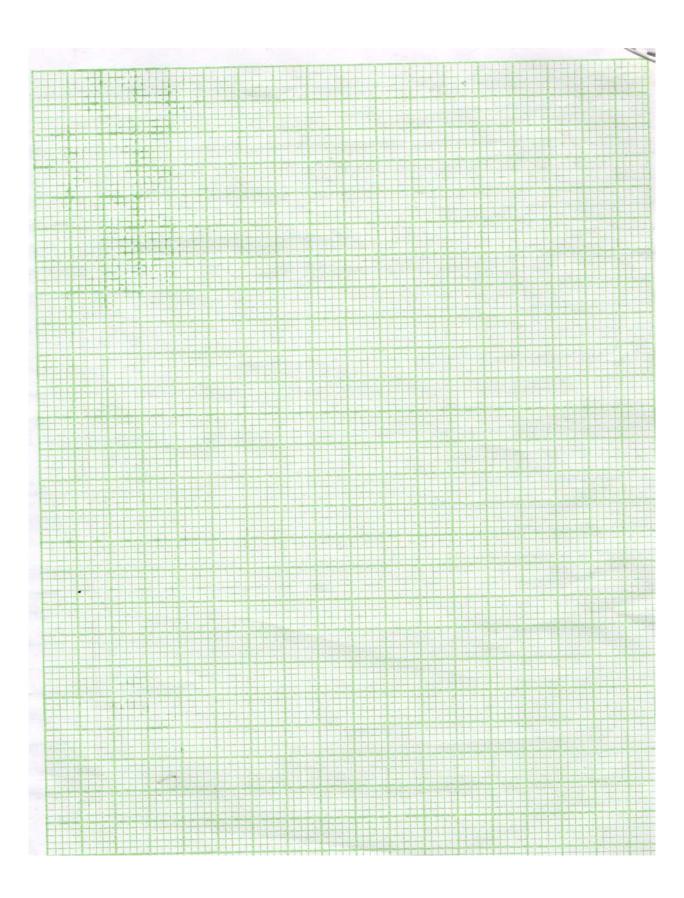
i)

Temperature of Solution Q(°c)	40	50	60	70	80
Time taken in seconds for solution P					
to decolourize					
$\frac{1}{t}$ (Rate)					

(5 marks)

Plot a graph of rate  $(\frac{1}{t})$  against temperature

(3 marks)



From the graph determine time taker	for the mixt	ture to decolorize a	t 65°c. (2 marks)	
ii) How does the rate of read vary with temperature.	<b>,</b>			VII) :
Procedure II  Fill the burette with solution P. Pipet P against solution R until a permanent below. Repeat the procedure to compa	te 25cm³ of nt pink color	solution R into a co	onical flask. Titrate sol	ution
Final burette reading (cm <sup>3</sup> )	I	II	III	
Initial berette reading (cm <sup>3</sup> )				
ii) Determine the average vo	slume of P us	ead	(4 mark	
_			······	
iii) Determine the moles of so	olution R in	1 litre solution (R.M	М.М. of R = 392) (1 m	ark)

iv)	Calculate moles of solution R used in this experiment.	(2 marks)
v)	Ionic equation for the reaction between Fe <sup>2+</sup> and MnO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup> ions is give	
5Fe <sup>2+</sup> (aq)	+ $MnO_4^-$ (aq) +8 $H^+$ $Mn^{2+}$ (aq) + $5Fe^{3+}$ + $4H_2O_{(1)}$	
i)	Calculate mole of MnO <sub>4</sub> again this reaction.	(1 mark)
•••••		
ii)	Determine the concentration of MnO <sub>4</sub> (aq) in moles per litre.	(1 mark)

	nd inferences in the spaces lace half spatula solid B in	provided. a clean dry test tube and heat gently to strongly	
Observat		Inferences	
(1 mark)		(1 mark	_ (x)
b) P	ntil the solid dissolve. Divi	in a boiling tube and add 10cm <sup>3</sup> of distilled water. Shande the solution into four portions. Sodium hydroxide solution drop wise until in access	
_	Observations	Inferences	
ii)	(1 mark)  To the second portion ac	(1 mark	<b>c</b> )
	Observations	Inferences	
iii)	•	(1 mark ammonia solution drop wise until in excess	<b>c</b> )
	Observation	Inferences	
	(1 mark)	(1 mark	τ)

2. You are provided with solid B. Carry out the tests below and record your observations

Observation	Inferences
(1 mark)	(1 mark)
Q3 You are provided with an orgobservations and inferences in the space	ganic solid L. Use it to carry out tests below. Record yours provided.
a) Scoop $\frac{1}{4}$ spatula-ful of the solid a	and ignite it.
Observation	Inferences
(1 mark)	(1 mark)
b) i. Put the remaining solid into a constant shake well. Divide the resulting Observations	clean boiling tube and add 10cm3 of distilled water and solution into 3 portions.  Inferences
	- Interesses
(½ mark)	(½ mark)
ii. To the first portion add a spatula full	of sodium hydrogen carbonate
Observation	Inferences
(1 mark)	(1 mark)

To the 4<sup>th</sup> portion add 3 drops of Barium Nitrate solution

iv)

• • •		41	1	, •	110	١ 1	C		4 /	T 7TT	
111.	10	tne	second	portion	add ∠	z aroi	os ot i	potassium	manganate(	VIII	j
			000110	P 0 1 0 1 1	-		00 01	P O COUDDION		,	٩

Observation	Inferences
(1 mark) iv. To the third portion add 2 drops of bron	(1 mark)
Observations	Inferences
(1 mark)	(1 mark)