

KCSE 2017 JKIM JOINT EXAMINATION

Kenya certificate of secondary education-(K.C.S.E)

NAME..... INDEX NO.....

SCHOOL..... DATE:

311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

Paper 1

Time: 2 ½ hours

Instructions to candidate

1. This paper consist of three sections; A, B and C.
2. Answer all questions in section A, three questions from section B and two questions from section C.
3. Answers to all questions must be written in the answer booklet provided.
4. This paper consists 3 of printed papers.
5. Candidates should check the questions to ascertain that all the pages are printed and that no questions are missing.

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

Answer all questions in this section

1. State two ways in which the Akamba interacted with the Agikuyu in the pre-colonial period (2 marks)
2. Identify one factor that facilitated contact between the Kenyan coast and the outside world by the end of the 16th Century. (1 mark)
3. Give two functions of the council of elders among the Akamba during the pre – colonial period. (2mks)
4. Give two roles of welfare organizations in Kenya during the colonial period. (2 marks)
5. Give the main reason why KANU refused to form a government after the 1961 election. (1 mark)
6. Give two evidences which show that Chinese traders reached the Kenyan coast before 1500 A.D. (2 marks)
7. State two problems which the imperial British East African Company had in the administration of the protectorate. (2 marks)
8. Give one reason why parliament is regarded as supreme in Kenya. (1mk)
9. Give one reason which led to the decline of Gedi during the 15th century (1 mark).
10. Give one way in which the constitution of Kenya guarantees the rule of law. (1 mark)
11. What is direct democracy? (1 mark)
12. Name two political parties which were formed in Kenya between 1960 and 1963(2 marks)
13. Identify two development rights of children (2 marks)
14. State two economic activities of the Abagusii in Kenya during the pre- colonial period (2 marks)
15. Give the main reason why the rulers of Malindi welcomed the Portuguese in the 16th century. (1mk)
16. State one reason why the colonial government established Local Native Councils in Kenya in 1924. (1mk)
17. State one type of government expenditure in Kenya. (1 mark)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

Answer any **three** questions in this section

18. a) Give five reasons for the migration of the Luo from their original homeland into Kenya. (5mks)
- b) What were the social effects of the expansion of the Luo into Western Kenya? (10mks)
19. (a) Why were the Portuguese interested in establishing their control over the Kenyan coast during the sixteenth century? (3 marks)
- (b) Explain six effects of Portuguese role on the Kenyan coast (12 marks)
20. (a) Describe five common characteristics of the political parties which were formed in Kenya after 1945. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain five roles of the political parties in the struggle for independence in Kenya between 1945 and 1963. (10 marks)
21. (a) What five roles did the Kenya African Union (KAU) play in promoting nationalist struggle in Kenya between 1944 and 1953? (5 marks)
- (b) Explain five constitutional changes which took place in Kenya between 1954 and 1963. (10 marks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)

Answer any **two** questions in this section

22. (a) Describe the composition of parliament in Kenya. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain six function of the speaker of the National Assemble in Kenya. (12 marks)
23. (a) Describe the process of electing the speaker of the National Assembly of Kenya. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain six reasons why parliament is an important institution in Kenya. (12 marks)
24. (a) What are the main sources of revenue for local Government Authorities in Kenya? (15 marks)
- (b) Explain six factors which undermine the performance of local authorities (10 marks)