



SOUTH EASTERN UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

(A CONSTITUENT COLLEGE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NAIROBI)

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2012/2013

**SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR
THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF INFORMATION
TECHNOLOGY**

BIT 204: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

DATE: 8 /8/2012

TIME: (2 HOURS)

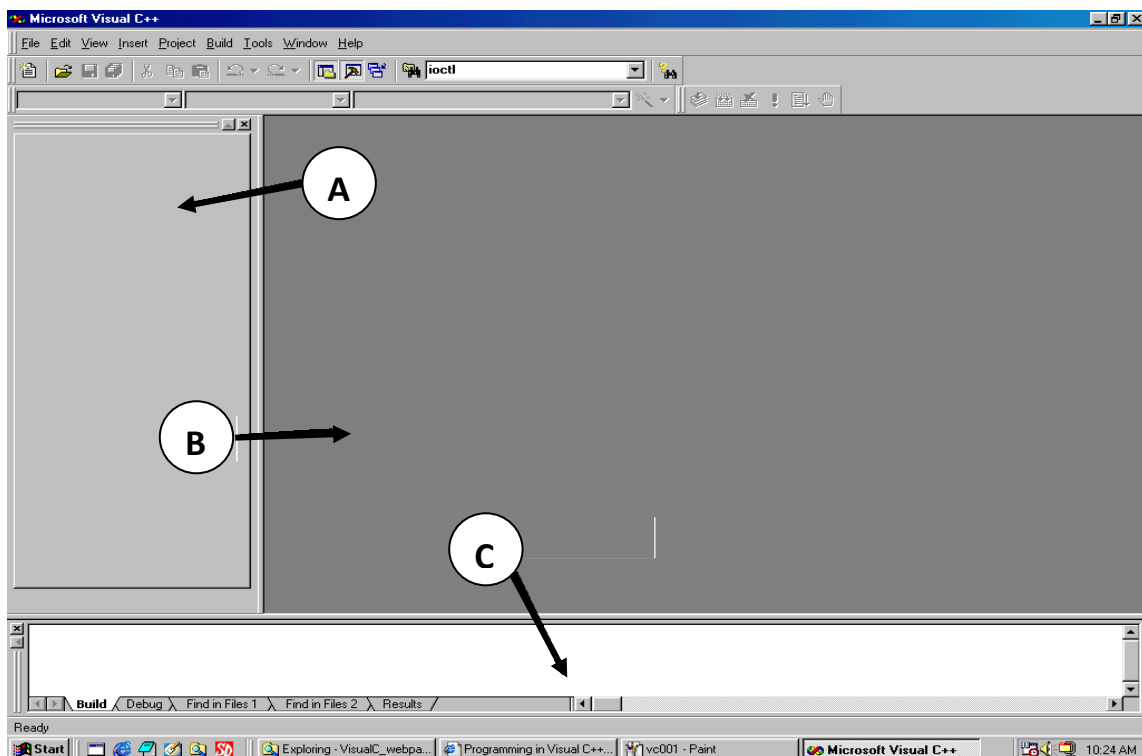
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- a) Answer ALL questions from section A(Compulsory)*
- b) Answer ANY THREE questions from section B*

SECTION A (31 Marks) - Compulsory

Question One

- a) State three differences between Object Oriented Programming and Procedural Programming. **(3 marks)**
- b) Distinguish between the following terms: **(4 marks)**
- Class and object.
 - Pass-by-value and pass-by-reference.
- c) i) Analyze the code fragment shown below determining the output generated after its execution. **(2 marks)**
- ```
int found = 0, count = 5;
if (!found || count == 0)
cout << "Hatari" << endl;
cout << "count = " << count << endl;
```
- ii) Justify your answer in (i) above **(1 mark)**
- d) In the figure below identify the visual C++ IDE elements labeled A to C analyzing the function(s) of each. **(6 marks)**



### Question Two

- a) Explain the following OOP concepts: **(4 marks)**
- Data Abstraction
  - Encapsulation
  - Inheritance
  - Polymorphism
- b) Study the program shown below and answer the question that follow: **(6 marks)**

```

1 class numbaz{
2 private:
3 int num1, num2;
4 } numObj_A, numObj_B;
5 int findSum();
6 #include<iostream.h>
7 void main(){
8 numbaz numObj_C;
9 }

```

Explain the purpose of each of the following lines of the code:

- i) Line 1
- ii) Line 2
- iii) Line 4
- iv) Line 5
- v) Line 6
- vi) Line 8

c) Given that matrices A, B and C such that;

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 8 & 4 \\ 9 & 12 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 & 3 \\ 8 & 15 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 16 & 7 & 5 \\ 4 & 10 & 3 \\ 6 & 8 & 7 \\ 10 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and } \mathbf{C} = \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}$$

Write a C++ program implementing a nested **for loop** within which the user is prompted for corresponding values of matrices A and B, calculate and display the contents of matrix C. **(5 marks)**

### SECTION B (39 Marks)

#### Question Three

- a) Outline three characteristics of an object. **(3 marks)**
- b) Explain four advantages of object-oriented paradigm. **(4 marks)**
- c) Identify the syntax errors in the following program by rewriting its correct version. **(6 marks)**

```

#include [oistream.h]
Class payItNow {
 int Charge;
 PUBLIC:
 void Raise(){cin>>Charge;}
 void Show{cout<<Charge;}
}

```

```

void Main(){
 PayItNow P;
 P.Raise();
 Show();
}

```

#### Question Four

- a) With the aid of diagrams describe each of the following: **(4 marks)**
- i) Multiple inheritance
  - ii) Multilevel inheritance
- b) Study the program below and answer the questions that follow.

```

class CUSTOMER {
 int Cust_no; char Cust_Name[20];
protected:
 void Register();
public:
 CUSTOMER();
 void Status();
} obC1;

class SALESMAN {
 private:
 int Salesman_no;
 char Salesman_Name[20];
 protected:
 float Salary;
 public:
 SALESMAN();
 void Enter();
 void Show();
} obS1, obS2;

class SHOP : private CUSTOMER , public SALESMAN {
 char Voucher_No[10];
 char Sales_Date[8];

 public:
 SHOP();
 void Sales_Entry();
 void Sales_Detail();
} obSH1;

```

- I) State the type of inheritance implemented by the above program. **(1 mark)**
- II) Identify the base-class(es) and the derived class(es) of:
- i) Class CUSTOMER **(1 mark)**
  - ii) Class SHOP **(2 marks)**

III) State the names of all:

- i) Member functions directly accessible by objects of class SALESMAN. (1 mark)
- ii) Functions directly accessible and manipulated by objects of class SHOP. (2 marks)

IV) Identify four objects that have been created during the class definitions. (2 marks)

### Question Five

a) i) Determine the output generated by the following code fragment giving a reason. (2 marks)

```
int n = 5;
if (n = 0)
cout << "n is zero" << ".\n";
else
cout << "n is not zero" << ".\n";
cout << "The square of n is " << n * n << "\n";
```

ii) Identify the error in the code fragment in (i) above. (1 mark)

b) Study the code fragment shown below and answer the questions that follow.

```
int n, k = 5;
n = (100 % k ? k + 1 : k - 1);
cout << "n = " << n << " k = " << k << endl;
```

i) Construct a flowchart to depict the logic of the code fragment. (3 marks)

ii) Determine the output generated when the following code fragment is executed. (2 marks)

c) Write a C++ program to prompt the user to enter an integer. The program should test whether the integer is a prime number or not, it should display the number followed by the messages "Prime" or "Not prime" accordingly. Use a **for** loop structure. (5 marks)

### Question Six

a) State three differences between function overloading and function overriding (3 marks)

b) Write the code of a class named EXAM with following description. (10 marks)

Private Members;

1. exmCode of type string, 6 characters.
2. xmDescription of type string, 40 characters.
3. noCandidate of type integer.
4. centersReqd (number of centers required) of type integer.
5. A member function CALCNTR( ) to calculate and return the number of centers as (noCandidates/100+1).

Public Members;

1. A function SCHEDULE( ) to allow user to enter values for exmCode, xmDescription, noCandidate and call function CALCNTR( ) to calculate the number of centers.
2. A function DISPXM( ) to allow user to view the content of all the member data.  
*(The functions should be prototyped within the class and their definitions placed outside the class)*

### Question Seven

a) Define the following terms: **(3 marks)**

- i) Constructor function
- ii) Destructor function
- iii) Friend function

b) Study the program below and answer the questions that follow.

```
class B {
 private:
 int x, wx;
 void Fxwx (void);
 public:
 int y;
 void Fy (void);
 void showData (void);
 void getData (void);
 protected:
 int z;
 void Fz (void);
};
```

- I) Determine the population of :
  - i) member data of class B **(1/2 mark)**
  - ii) member functions of class B **(1/2 mark)**
- II) Write in its simplest form the:
  - i) default constructor to the class B **(1 mark)**
  - ii) default destructor to the class B **(1 mark)**
- III) Give the header of a class, ***class DD : B { .....};*** complete the table below. **(3 marks)**

|      | <b>Inherited member data or function</b> | <b>Explanation of status of inherited member data/function in class DD</b> |
|------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| i)   | Fxwx ( )                                 |                                                                            |
| ii)  | y                                        |                                                                            |
| iii) | getData ( )                              |                                                                            |

IV) Construct the header of a :

i) Class named D1 that inherits class B in an inheritance mode that maintains the status of ALL the inherited members as they are in the base class B.

**(1 mark)**

ii) Class named D2 that inherits class B in an inheritance mode that causes the status of public members of the class B to acquire a different status in class D2 and the protected members of class B to retain the same status in both class B and D2.

**(1 mark)**

V) Declare a function **main( )** that accomplish the following tasks:

Instantiates the class D2 with objects **ob1** and **ob2**; assigns the value 24 to the instance variable **y** of the object **ob1**; and invokes the function **showData( )** relative to the object **ob1**.

**(2 marks)**

**END**