



KISII UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

**SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF THE
DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION [SCIENCE]/ACTUARIAL
SCIENCE/ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS/ANALYTICAL
CHEMISTRY/APPLIED STATISTICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE
SECOND SEMESTER 2017/2018
(MAY - AUGUST, 2017)**

MATH 241: PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS II

STREAM: Y2S2

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY: THURSDAY, 9:00-11:00 AM

DATE: 14/09/2017

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Do not write anything on this question Paper.
2. Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions.
3. Show all your workings and steps.

QUESTION ONE [COMPULORY (30marks)]

(a) Determine the χ^2 percentile that is required to construct each of the following confidence intervals.

- (i) Confidence level =95%, degrees of freedom=24, one-sided (upper)
- (ii) Confidence level =99%, degrees of freedom=9, one-sided (lower)
- (iii) Confidence level =90%, degrees of freedom=19, two-sided.

(6marks)

(b) (i) Let x be a continuous random variable with a p.d.f given by:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{18}, & 0 \leq x \leq 6 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find the p.d.f of the random variable y if $Y = 2X + 10$

(3marks)

(ii) Let X have a geometric probability distribution given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} p(1-p)^{x-1}, & x = 1, 2, \dots \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find the probability density function of $Y = X + 2$

(3marks)

(c) (i) State and prove Bonferroni's inequality.

(3marks)

(ii) Suppose that we have ten events A_i (where $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, 10$) with

$P(A_i) = 0.99$. Estimate the joint probability $P(A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_{10})$.

(3marks)

(d) The joint density function of two random variables X and Y given by:

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{4}, & 0 \leq x \leq 2, 0 \leq y \leq 2 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find the Joint density function of U and V if $U = X + 2Y$

(6marks)

(e) Let the p.d.f of the random variable X be defined as:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} p^x (1-p)^{1-x}, & x = 0, 1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find the characteristic function of a random variable $Y = X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n$ if the X_i 's are independent.

(6marks)

QUESTION TWO (20marks)

Let X_1 and X_2 be two stochastically independent random variables that have Gamma distributions and joint p.d.f given by

$$f(x_1, x_2) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\beta^\alpha \Gamma(\alpha)} x_1^{\alpha-1} x_2^{\beta-1} e^{-x_1/\beta}, & x_1 > 0; x_2 > 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \text{ Where } \alpha > 0, \beta > 0. \text{ Let}$$

$Y_1 = X_1 + X_2$ and $Y_2 = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2}$. Show that Y_1 and Y_2 are stochastically

independent. Hence determine the marginal probability functions of Y_1 and Y_2 .

(20marks)

QUESTION THREE (20marks)

(a) Let X_1 and X_2 have the joint probability distribution defined as:

$$f(x_1, x_2) = \begin{cases} \frac{x_1 x_2}{36}, & x_1 = 1, 2, 3; x_2 = 1, 2, 3 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \text{ Find the marginal probability}$$

density function of Y_1 if $Y_1 = X_1 X_2$ and $Y_2 = X_2$.

(10marks)

(b) If $f(x_1, x_2) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{2}{x_1 + x_2}\right) \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{x_1 + x_2} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{1 - x_1 - x_2}, & x_1 = 0, 1; x_2 = 0, 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ is the joint density

of X_1 and X_2 , find the joint probability density function of $Y_1 = X_1 - X_2$ and $Y_2 = X_1 + X_2$. Hence determine the respective marginal probability density functions of Y_1 and Y_2 .

(10marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 marks)

- (a) Show that the characteristic function of a random variable X having a Normal distribution with parameters μ, σ^2 is given by

$$\phi(t) = e^{-\frac{1}{2}t^2\sigma^2 + i\mu t} \quad (12 \text{ marks})$$

- (b) Let \bar{X} and S^2 be the mean and the variance of a random sample of size 25 from a distribution which is $N(3, 100)$. Evaluate

$$P(0 < \bar{X} < 6, 55.2 < S^2 < 145.6).$$

(8 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 marks)

- (a) Let $Y_1 < Y_2 < Y_3 < Y_4 < Y_5 < Y_6$ denote the order statistics of a random sample of size 6 from a distribution having p.d.f $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$

Find:

- The p.d.f of the first order statistic.
- The p.d.f of the sixth order statistic.
- $P(0.5 < Y_4)$.

(12 marks)

- (b) Let $Y_1 < Y_2 < Y_3$ be the order statistics of a random sample of size 3

from a distribution having p.d.f $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$, Find:

- The joint p.d.f of Y_1 and Y_3 .
- The p.d.f of the range $Z_1 = Y_3 - Y_1$.

(8 marks)