

MASENO UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2013/2014

FIRST YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF SCIENCE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

(CITY CAMPUS)

CAI 801: ESSENTIALS OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Date: 26th July 2014

Time: 2.30 - 4.30 pm

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Attempt question ONE and any other TWO questions. (Question ONE carries a total of 30 marks and questions 2-5 have 20 marks.
- Uses of mobile phones are strictly forbidden.

MASENO UNIVERSITY

ISO 9001:2008 CERTIFIED (C)



Ouestion one (Compulsory 30 marks)

- A. Give the Strengths and weakness of production rules as a form of knowledge representation (4 marks)
- B. Differentiate between the following terms

(4 marks)

i. Validity and soundness

ii. Deductive and inductive reasoning

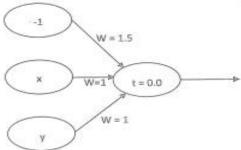
Represent the following sentences in predicate logic

(4 marks)

- i. All Kenyans are either loyal to Raila or hate him.
- ii. People only try to like people they are related to.
- C. Explain the following agent types. Use pseudo codes to explain your answer

(6 marks)

- i. Simple reflex agent
- ii. Table driven agent
- D. Give the three mutation methods that used in genetic algorithms (6 marks)
- Explain the NN learning algorithm and Show that the below AND network gives the correct results (6 marks)



Question two (20 marks)

- A. An aircraft emergency locator transmitter (ELT) is a device designed to transmit a signal in the case of a crash. The Altigauge Manufacturing Company makes 80% of the ELTs, the Bryant Company makes 15% of them, and the Chartair Company makes the other 5%. The ELTs made by Altigauge have a 4% rate of defects, the Bryant ELTs have a 6% rate of defects, and the Chartair ELTs have a 9% rate of defects (which helps to explain why Chartair has the lowest market share).
 - If an ELT is randomly selected from the general population of all ELTs, find the probability that it was made by the Altigauge Manufacturing Company.

(5 marks)

 If a randomly selected ELT is then tested and is found to be defective, find the probability that it was made by the Altigauge Manufacturing Company.

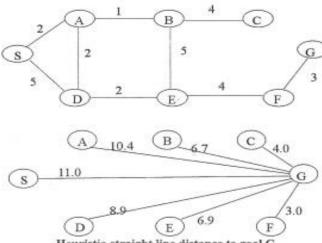
(5 marks)

- B. Use the graph below to explain the below search strategies to find the best path from S (Start) to G (Goal).
- i. A* Algorithm

(6 marks)

ii. Greedy best first search

(4 marks)



Heuristic-straight line distance to goal G

Question three (20 marks)

- A. Environments can be classified as Fully observable/Partially observable, Episodic/Sequential, Deterministic/Stochastic or Static/Dynamic. Explain each of the environment types (8 marks)
 - a. Fully observable/Partially observable
 - b. Episodic/Sequential
 - c. Deterministic/Stochastic
 - d. Static/Dynamic
- B. A semantic net represents knowledge by a structured approach. For instance, consider the following knowledge base:

Knowledge Base: A bird can fly with wings. A bird has wings. A bird has legs. A bird can walk with legs. Explain semantic net as a form of knowledge representation and give a semantic net representation of birds

(6 marks)

C. Consider the following knowledge base and database.

Knowledge base:

PR1: IF ((X is a man and Y is a woman) AND (X and Y are lovers)) THEN (X is a friend of Y).

PR2: IF ((X is a man and Y is a woman) AND (X married Y)) THEN (X loves Y).

PR3: IF ((X is a man and Y is a woman) AND (Y married X)) THEN (Y loves X).

PR4: IF ((X loves Y) AND (Y loves X)) THEN (X and Y are lovers).
Initial facts:

- 1. Ram is a man.
- 2. Sita is a woman.
- 3. Ram married Sita.
- 4. Sita married Ram.

Using backward chaining, show the sequence of selection of production rules to prove that "Ram is a friend of Sita". (6 marks)

Ouestion four (20 marks)

- A. Explain non-monotonic logic and explain the concept of closed world assumption as used in non-monotonic logic (4 marks)
- B. In swarm intelligence, explain what happens under UpdatePheromones step (4 marks)
- C. A knowledge base contains the below rules with associated conditional probabilities.

Prior probabilities

P (T-Typhoid) = 0.2, P (CP-Chicken Pox) = 0.5, P (GM-German Measles) = 0.3

Patient Symptoms: F- Fever, R- Rash, HBA - High Body Ache

Set of Rules

Rule 1: IF symptoms are F (P (F / T) = 0.9) AND HBA (P (HBA / T) = 0.6) THEN the Patient hopefully bears T.

Rule 2: IF symptoms are F (P(F/GM) = 0.8) AND R (P(R/GM) = 0.7) AND HBA (P(HBA/GM) = 0.8) THEN the patient hopefully bears GM.

IF symptoms are F (P(F/CP) = 0.6) AND R (P(R/CP) = 0.9) AND HBA (P(HBA/CP) = 0.8) THEN the patient hopefully bears CP.

Compute the below probabilities

i. P(CP/R, F, HBR) (3 marks)
ii. P(T/F, HBA) (3 marks)
iii. P(GM/R, F, HBA) (3 marks)

 Given the patient symptoms, what disease is the patient most likely suffering from? Explain. (3 marks)

Question five (20 marks)

A. Differentiate between crossover and mutation

(4 marks)

- i. Crossover
- ii. Mutation
- B. Give the pseudo code of an evolutionary algorithm

(6 marks)

- C. The following, illustrates a basic "fuzzy" automatic conveyor system. The transmission uses 3 fuzzy inputs: mass index, weight and temperature.
 - · "low mass index"

$$A = \{(0, 1), (1, 0.8), (2, 0.6), (3, 0.3), (4, 0.2), (6, 0)\}$$

"ok mass index"

$$A = \{(0, 0.2), (1, 0.4), (2, 0.5), (3, 0.6), (4, 0.3), (5, 0.2), (6, 0.1)\}$$

· "Low weight"

· "High weight"

· "low temperature"

· "high temperature"

iii.

- i. Perform the below fuzzy set operations
 - 1. Concentration on set "low number of children"

(2 marks)

2.Dilation on set "cheap car"

(2 marks) (4 marks)

- ii. Plot the graphs for the three fuzzy inputs.
 - The following rules were created to control the system.
 - . If mass index is low and temperature is high then shift right
 - If temperature is low and mass index is ok and weight is low then shift forward
 - If mass index is ok and temperature is high and weight is high then shift backwards
- iv. What action will the automatic conveyor perform for the input: Mass index = 3.6, Temperature = 18, Weight = 4700 (2 marks)