

1601/102

1602/102

APPLIED SCIENCE, ELECTRICAL  
PRINCIPLES I AND ELECTRONICS

Oct./Nov. 2017

Time: 3 hours



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

CRAFT CERTIFICATE IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY  
(POWER OPTION)  
(TELECOMMUNICATION OPTION)

MODULE I

APPLIED SCIENCE, ELECTRICAL PRINCIPLES I AND ELECTRONICS

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

You should have the following for this examination:

Answer booklet;

Non-programmable scientific calculator;

Drawing instruments.

This paper consists of **THREE** sections; **A**, **B** and **C**.

Answer **ONE** question from section **A** and **TWO** questions each from section **B** and **C**.

All questions carry equal marks.

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as indicated.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

Take:  $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$

$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}$

This paper consists of 6 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that  
all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.



SECTION A: APPLIED SCIENCE <sup>25</sup> 16° 70. 38°s

Answer any **ONE** question from this section.

1. (a) (i) List **two** properties of acids.

(ii) Differentiate between the following terms as used in chemistry:

- (I) atomic number and mass number;
- (II) period and group.

(5 marks)

(b) (i) State **two** forms of heat transfer.

(ii) A steel boiler of mass 12 kg has 25 kg of water at 98° C. When 70 kg of water at 16° C was added to the boiler, a steady temperature of 38.5° C was obtained. The specific heat capacity of water is 4200 J/kg K. Determine the specific heat capacity of steel boiler. Assume heat loss to the surrounding is negligible.

(7 marks)

(c) (i) State the energy conversion when:

- (I) a simple pendulum bob is made to swing;
- (II) solar battery is used to light a filament bulb.

(ii) A simple d.c generator produces 12000 joules of energy per minute. Determine its power.

(5 marks)

(d) Explain how a glass rod acquires electrostatic charges when rubbed against fur.

(3 marks)

2. (a) (i) Define:

- (I) density;
- (II) relative density.

(ii) The relative density of dam water is 1.13. Calculate its density in  $\text{kg/m}^3$ .

(3 marks)

(b) (i) State **three** properties of electromagnetic waves.

(ii) Draw a labelled diagram of the electromagnetic spectrum.

(6 marks)

(c) (i) Define the isothermal process.

(ii) Sketch graphs to represent each of the following:

- (I) Boyle's law;
- (II) Charles's law.

(5 marks)



(d) A convex lens of focal length 10 cm is used to magnify an object placed at a distance 15 cm from it. Determine the:

(i) image distance;

(ii) magnification.

(6 marks)

### SECTION B: ELECTRICAL PRINCIPLES I

Answer any **TWO** questions from this section.

3. (a) State **two**:

(i) advantages of an alkaline cell over lead acid cell.

(ii) indications of a fully charged lead-acid cell.

(4 marks)

(b) Draw a labelled diagram of a leclanche dry cell.

(5 marks)

(c) Define the following terms as used in electrostatics:

(i) electric flux density;

(ii) relative permittivity.

(4 marks)

(d) Figure 1 shows a capacitive circuit:

(i) Show that the potential difference across  $C_1$  is given by:

$$V_1 = \left( \frac{C_2}{C_1 + C_2} \right) V$$

(ii) Determine the capacitance of capacitor  $C_2$  if  $C_1 = 20 \mu\text{F}$  and total capacitance is  $12 \mu\text{F}$ .

(7 marks)

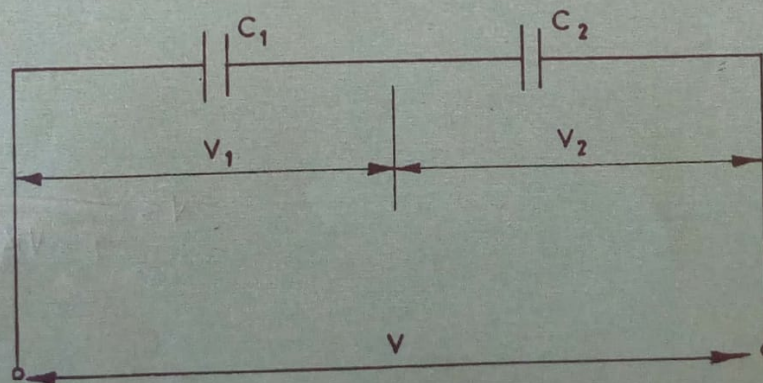


Fig. 1

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r A}{d}$$



4. (a) State:  $l_m = 1000 \text{ mm}$   
 $l_m = 1000 \text{ mm}$

- (i) **three** factors that determine the force on a current carrying conductor in a magnetic field. (5 marks)
- (ii) Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction. (5 marks)

(b) Outline **four** factors which affect the inductance of an inductor. (4 marks)

(c) A flux of 20 mwb links with a 1200 turns coil when a current of 2A passes through the coil. Determine the:

SD  
 $l_m = 10 \text{ cm}$   
 $100 \text{ cm} = 1000 \text{ mm}$   
 $100 \text{ cm} = 10000 \text{ mm}$   
 $100 \text{ cm}$   
 $\times 10,000$

- (i) inductance of the coil;
- (ii) energy stored in the magnetic field;
- (iii) average emf induced in the coil if current falls to zero in 120 ms. (7 marks)

(d) Sketch the following transformer construction:

- (i) core type;
- (ii) shell type. (4 marks)

(a) State:

- (i) **three** effects of an electric current and **one** application of each;
- (ii) **two** types of resistors. (5 marks)

(b) A wire of length 6 cm and cross-sectional area of  $4 \text{ mm}^2$  has a resistance of  $0.12 \Omega$ . If the wire is drawn out until its cross sectional area is  $2 \text{ mm}^2$ , determine the new resistance of the wire. (4 marks)

(c) Figure 2 shows an electric circuit. Show that by current division;  $I_1 = \left( \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \right) I$ .

(5 marks)

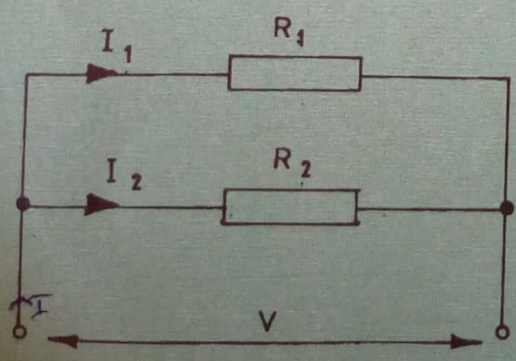


Fig. 2

Handwritten notes:  
 $V = IR$   
 $I = \frac{V}{R}$   
 $V = \frac{I}{R}$   
 $V \cdot R_1 = R_2 \cdot I$   
 $I = \frac{V \cdot R_1}{R_2}$



(d) Figure 3 shows an electric circuit. When switch S is closed, the reading on the voltmeter V = 40 V and  $V_2 = 15$  V. Determine the:

(i) reading on the ammeter;

(ii) value of  $R_2$ .

(6 marks)

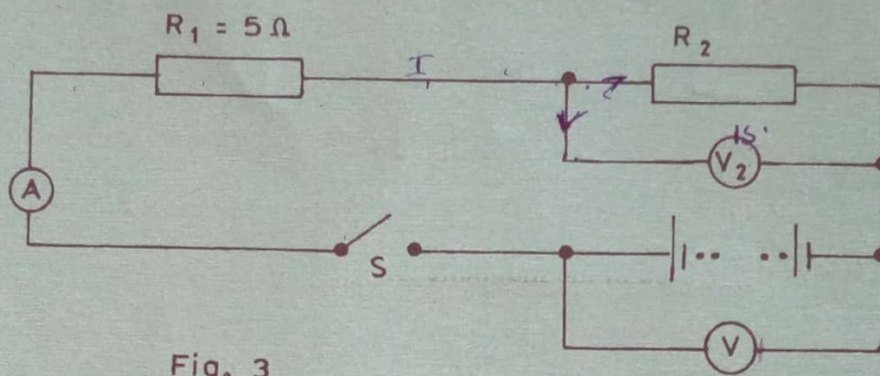


Fig. 3

$$I = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{40}{5} = 8 \text{ A}$$

$$V = IR = 15 \times R_2$$

$$R_2 = \frac{15}{8} = 1.875 \Omega$$

### SECTION C: ELECTRONICS

Answer any **TWO** questions from this section.

6. (a) Explain the term 'doping' as used in semi conductors. (2 marks)
- (b) With aid of a diagram, describe the operation of a NPN bipolar junction transistor. (8 marks)
- (c) Outline **three** tests that may be carried out on electronic components. (3 marks)
- (d) With aid of circuit diagram and voltage waveforms, explain the operation of a half wave rectifier circuit. (7 marks)
7. (a) (i) State **four** types of negative feedback used in electronic amplifiers.
- (ii) An amplifier has internal gain of 200. Determine the new gain if a negative feedback with feedback factor of 0.2 is introduced. (8 marks)



- (b) (i) Determine the decimal number represented by  $(0.10111)_2$ .  
 (ii) Obtain decimal equivalent of hexadecimal number  $(3A.3F)_{16}$ .  
 (iii) Add binary numbers 1111 and 1100. (8 marks)

- (c) Simplify the following boolean expression: (4 marks)  
 $(AB + C)(AB) = AB + ABC \quad AB(1 + C) = \underline{AB}$

8. (a) (i) State **two** types of logic families.  
 (ii) Figure 4 shows a three input OR gate. Draw its truth table. (10 marks)

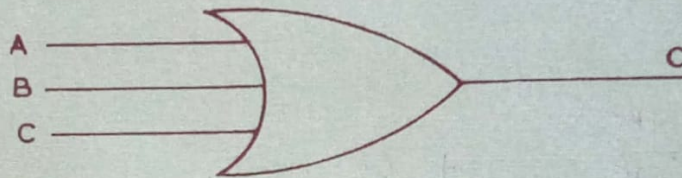


Fig. 4

- (b) Draw the:  
 (i) diagram of a T-type flip-flop;  
 (ii) truth table of the flip-flop in b (i). (5 marks)
- (c) (i) Sketch the ideal response curve of a low pass filter.  
 (ii) Draw an R-C high pass filter network. (5 marks)

**THIS IS THE LAST PRINTED PAGE.**