



# THE MOMBASA POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

(A CONSTITUENT COLLEGE OF JKUAT)

### Faculty of Technology

# **DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING**

# DIPLOMA IN ARCHITECTURE

### DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

### AMA 2207: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS (ODE)

SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

SERIES: OCTOBER 2011

TIME: 2 HOURS

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

You should have the following for this examination

- Answer booklet
- Mathematical tables/Calculator

This paper consists of **FIVE** Questions.

Answer **QUESTION ONE** and any other **TWO** Questions.

Maximum marks for each part of a question are as shown.

This paper consists of **THREE PRINTED** pages

#### **QUESTION ONE** (COMPULSORY)

- (a) Determine Laplace transform of the following
  - (i) L(ii) L(iii) L(iv) L  $2\frac{d^{2y}}{dx^2} - 5\frac{dy}{dx} - 3y = 4\sin 2x$ Solve; (20 marks)

#### **QUESTION TWO**

(b)

- (a) Using laplace transform, solve the equation  $(D^2 + 2D + 2)y + =$ (Assume zero initial conditions). (10 marks)
- (b) Find the inverse laplace transform of the following;

(i) 
$$F(s) = \frac{6}{s} - \frac{1}{s-8} + \frac{4}{s-3}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{19}{s+2} - \frac{1}{3s} + \frac{7}{s^5}$$

(10 marks)

#### **QUESTION THREE**

(ii)

(a) Solve the differential equation:

$$(x^{2} + xy)\frac{dy}{dx} = xy - y^{2}$$
, given that x= 1 when y=1 (9 marks)

$$\frac{d^{2y}}{dx^2} = 5\frac{dy}{dx} + 6x = 0$$
Solve, + (11 marks)

#### **QUESTION FOUR**

(b)

(a) Solve the following Bessel's equation,

$$x^{2} \frac{d^{2} y}{dx^{2}} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + (x^{2} - n^{2})y = 0$$

(20 marks)

#### **QUESTION FIVE**

$$\frac{d^{2y}}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} = 6$$
e, (8 marks)

(a) Solve,

(b) Using Laplace transform, solve the following simultaneous differential equations.

$$(D2 + 4)x - 2Dy = 2$$
$$Dx + (D2 + 4)y = 0$$

Given that x = 1, y = DX = Dy = 0, at = 0 (12 marks)