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## University Examinations 2013/2014

FIRST YEAR, SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL
ENGINEERING
EEE 0203: ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRINCIPLES II
DATE: APRIL 2014
TIME: $1^{1 ⁄ 2} 2$ HOURS
INSTRUCTIONS: Answer question one and any other two questions

## QUESTION ONE - (30 MARKS)

(a) Define the following terms as used in A.C circuits
(i) Instantaneous value
(ii) Form factor
(iii) Amplitude
(3 Marks)
(b) Describe the generation of A.C voltage with the aid of a diagram. (4 Marks)
(c) State two advantages of A.C transmission over D.C transmission. (4 Marks)
(d) The following three impedances are connected in series across a $40 \mathrm{~V}, 200 \mathrm{KHZ}$ supply
(i) A resistance of $8 \Omega$
(ii) A coil of inductance $130 \mu \mathrm{H}$ and $5 \Omega$ resistor
(iii) A $10 \Omega$ resistor in series with $0.25 \mu \mathrm{H}$ capacitor

Determine
(i) The circuit current
(ii) The phase angle
(iii) The voltage drop across each element.
(10 Marks)
(e) State Faradays law of electromagnetic induction.
(f) With the aid of diagrams differentiate between self inductance and mutual inductance.
(4 Marks)
(g) Describe a resonance RLC series circuit and derive the formula for resonance for the circuit.
(3 Marks)

## QUESTION TWO - (15 MARKS)

(a) A resistor of $25 \Omega$ is connected in series with a capacitor of $45 \mu F$. Determine
(i) The impedance of the circuit.
(ii) The current taken from the supply of $240 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{HZ}$
(iii)The phase angle between current and voltage
(10 Marks)
(b) With aid of a circuit diagram and a phasor diagram derive the equation for determining impedance in a series RL circuit.
(5 Marks)
QUESTION THREE - (15 MARKS)
(a) Show that the total inductance in a parallel connection of three inductances is given by the reciprocal of the sum of the three inductances.
(b) State two applications of inductors.
(c) A coil of inductance 318.3 mH and negligible resistance is connected in series with $200 \Omega$ resistor to a $240 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{HZ}$ supply. Determine
(i) The inductance of the coil
(ii) The impedance of the circuit
(iii)The p.d across each component
(iv) The circuit phase angle.

## QUESTION FOUR - (15 MARKS)

(a) With the aid of a circuit diagram differentiate between an RLC series circuit and an RLC parallel circuit.
(b) Define the term impedance as used in A.C circuits.
(1 Mark)
(c) A coil of negligible resistance and inductance 100 mH is connected in series with a capacitance of $2 \mu F$ and a resistance of $10 \Omega$ across a 50 V , variable frequency supply. Determine:
(i) The resonant frequency
(ii) The current at resonance
(iii) The voltages across the coil and the capacitor at resonance.

