Name	Index Number/
231/2	Candidate's Signature
BIOLOGY	
Paper 2 (THEORY)	Date
Oct./Nov. 2015	



2 hours



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

BIOLOGY

Paper 2 (THEORY)

2 hours

## Instructions to candidates

- (a) Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.
- (b) Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
- (c) This paper consists of two sections; A and B.
- (d) Answer all the questions in section A in the spaces provided.
- (e) In section B answer question 6 (compulsory) and either question 7 or 8 in the spaces provided after question 8.
- (f) This paper consists of 12 printed pages.
- (g) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.
- (h) Candidates should answer the questions in English.

For Examiner's Use Only

Section	Question	Maximum Score	Candidate's Score
	[ 1 ]	8	
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	6	20	_
В	7	20	
	8	20	
3	Total Score	80	

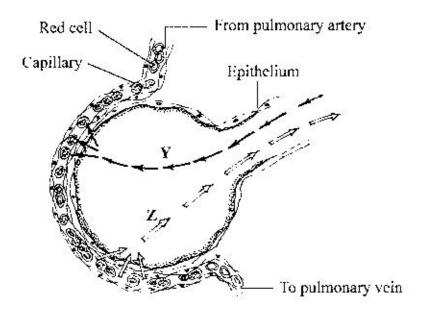




## SECTION A (40 marks)

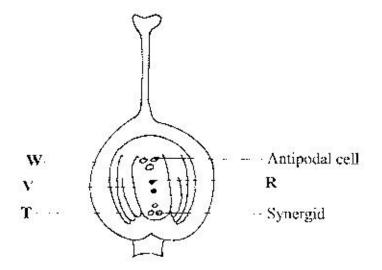
Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided.

1 The diagram below illustrates a blood capillary surrounding a structure for gaseous exchange in human beings.



3 10	Name the gaseous exchange structure.	(1 mark)
(b)	Identify the gases labelled Y and Z.	
	Y	(1 mark)
	Z	(1 mark)
(c)	How does the gas labelled Y reach the inside of the blood capillary?	
(d)	How does eigarette smoking lead to lung cancer?	(2 marks)
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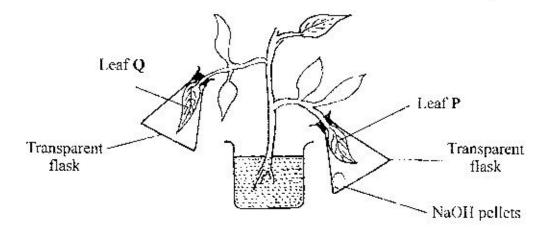
2 The diagram below illustrates the structure of the female part of a flower.



	Name the part tabelled W.	(1 mark)
(b)	Describe what happens when the pollen tube enters the structure labelled V.	(5 marks)
••••••		
(c)	What do the structures labelled R and T develop into after fertilization?	•••••••••
	R	(1 mark)
	T	(1 mark)

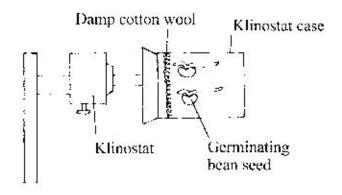
(a) 	What is meant by the term genetics?	(1 mark)
•••		
(b)	State two examples of discontinuous variation.	(2 marks)
(c)	A female with sickle cell trait marries a normal man. The all Hb <sup>s</sup> and the normal allele is Hb <sup>s</sup> . Determine the probability	lele for sickle cell is that their first born will have
	the sickle cell trait. Show your working.	(5 marks)
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In an experiment to investigate a factor affecting photosynthesis, a potted plant which had been kept in the dark overnight was treated as shown in the diagram below and exposed to light.



		was the potted plant kept in the dark overnight?	(1 mark
(b)	Whic	ch factor was being investigated in the experiment?	(1 mark
(e)	(i)	Which test did the students perform to confirm photosynthesis in the lea labelled P and Q?	ves (1 mark
	(ii)	State the results obtained in the leaves labelled P and Q.	
		P	
	(iii)	Explain the results obtained in the leaves labelled P and Q.	. (1 mark
		P	. (1 mark
		Q	. (1 mark
(d)	What	t was the purpose of leaf Q in the experiment?	(1 mark

5 In an experiment to investigate a plant response, the set up shown in the diagram below was used.

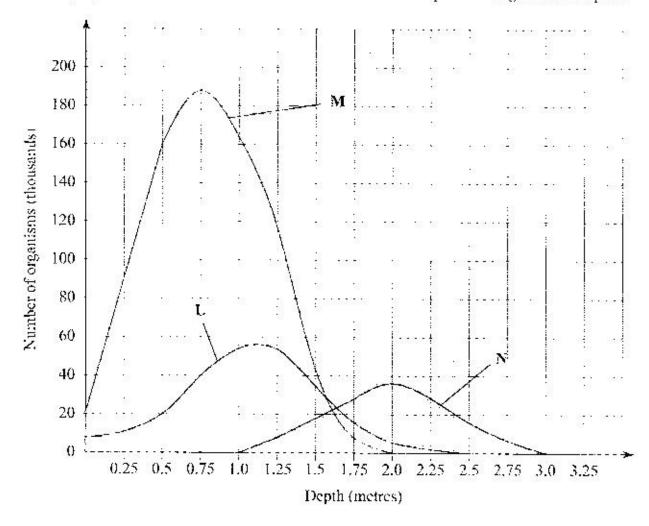


(a)		e the type of response that was being investigated.	(l mark)
(b)		Klinostat was not rotating:	
	(i)	state the observations that would be made on the seedlings after three d	(2 marks)
	(ii)	explain the observations in (b) (i) above.	(3 marks)
(¢)	If the	experiment was repeated with the Klinostat rotating:	***************************************
	(i)	state the observation that was made on the seedlings after three days;	
	(ii)	give a reason for the observation made on the seedlings.	(I mark)
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## SECTION B (40 marks)

## Answer question 6 (compulsory) and either question 7 or 8 in the spaces provided after question 8.

6 The graph below shows the relative numbers of three main species of organisms in a pond.



- (a) Giving a reason for your answer, which of the species is a

  - - Reason ...... (1 mark)

(b)	State the depths at which each of the populations labelled $L$ , $M$ and $N$ is at its optimum.			
	L		. (1 mark)	
	М		(1 mark)	
	N		(1 mark)	
(c)	(i)	Which method may have been used to determine the population of orgal labelled N in the pond?	(1 mark)	
	(ii)	Give a reason for your answer in (e) (i) above.	(1 mark)	
	(iii)	State the assumptions made when using the method in (c) (i) above.	(4 marks)	
(d)	State	two reasons why primary productivity in the pond decreases with depth.	(2 marks)	
 (e)	Expl	ain the ecological importance of fungi to plants.	(2 marks)	
 (f)	Why	is flooding likely to lead to a cholera outbreak?	(3 marks	
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7	Explain the various ways in which seeds and fruits are adapted to dispersal.	(20 marks
8	How is a mammalian heart structurally adapted to its function?	(20 marks)
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