

MASENO UNIVERSITY **UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2017/2018**

SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE AND BACHELOR OF EDUCATION SCIENCE WITH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

MAIN CAMPUS

MMA 202: VECTOR ANALYSIS

Date: 13th March, 2018

Time: 3.30 - 6.30pm

INSTRUCTIONS:

Attempt Question ONE and any other TWO.

Observe further instructions from the examination answer book

MASENO UNIVERSITY

ISO 9001:2008 CERTIFIED



Question 1: Compulsory (30 marks)

a. Distinguish between a scalar and a vector (2mks)

b. Show that the addition of any two vectors is commutative (3mks)

- c. If $\vec{A} = 4i 5j + 2k$, $\vec{B} = 6i + 3j 2k$ and $\vec{C} = 4i + 3j 5k$ find the scalar product $(\vec{A} \times \vec{B}) \cdot \vec{C}$ (3mks)
- d. Find a unit vector perpendicular to both $\vec{A} = i 2j + k$ and $\vec{B} = 3i + j 2k$ (3mks)
- e. If $\vec{r} = (t^3 + 2t)i 3e^{-2t}j + 2\sin 5tk$, find
 i). $\left| \frac{dr}{dt} \right|$ ii). $\frac{d^2r}{dt^2}$ at t = 0.

 Give a possible physical significance (5mks)
- f. Prove that the dot product of two vectors $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} = |u||v|\cos\theta$ where θ is the angle between the vectors (4mks)
- g. If $\vec{A} = (x^2y^3 z^4)i + 4x^5y^2zj y^4z^6k$ find (i). curl \vec{A} ii). div \vec{A} (3mks)
- h. The position of a moving particle is given by $r(t) = 2\cos ti + 2\sin tj + 3tk.$ Find the vectors T, N, B and the curvature (7mks)

Question 2

- a. If $f = x \sin yz$, find the gradient of f and the directional derivative of f at (1,3,0) in the direction of v = i + 2j k (5mks)
- b. Find scalars a, b, c such that the vector \vec{F} is given by

$$\vec{F} = (x + 2y + az)i + (bx - 3y - z)j + (4x + cy + 2z)k$$

is irrotational. Hence express \vec{F} as a gradient of a scalar function (8mks)

c. An object starts from rest at the point P = (1, 2, 0) and moves with an acceleration of a(t) = j + 2k where |a(t)| is measured in feet per second. Find the location of the object after t = 2 seconds (7mks)

Question 3

- a. Define the term 'line integral' of a continuous vector field (3mks)
- b. Find the work done by $\vec{F} = (y x^2)i + (z y^2)j + (x z^2)k$ over the curvature $r(t) = ti + t^2j + t^3k$ from (0, 0, 0) to (1, 1, 1) (7mks)
- c. Let $\vec{F} = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$. Evaluate $\iiint_v F dv$ where v is the region bounded by x + y + z = a (a > 0), x = 0, y = 0, z = 0 (10mks)

Question 4

- a. Evaluate $\int_c A.dr$ where $\vec{A} = 3xyi y^2j$ along $y = 2x^2$ in the x y plane from (0,0) to (1,2)
- b. State the divergence theorem hence evaluate $\iint_s F.nds$ where the vector $F = 4xzi y^2j + yzk$ and s is the surface of a cube bounded by x = 0, x = 1, y = 0, y = 1, z = 0, z = 1 (10mks)
 - e. State and prove the Frenet Serret formulas (5mks)

Question 5

- a. Verify Greens theorem for $\oint_c (xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy$ where c is the region bounded by the curves y = x and $y = x^2$ (8mks)
- b. Verify the Stokes' theorem for the vector field $\vec{F} = 2zi + 3xj + 5yk$ taking s to be the portion of the paraboloid $z = 4 x^2 y^2$ for which $z \ge 0$ with upward orientation and the curve to be positively oriented circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ that forms the boundary of s in the xy plane (12mks)

END ALL THE BEST