



MASENO UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2016/2017

**FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS FOR
THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE WITH
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

MAIN CAMPUS

MMA 413: METHODS II

Date: 29th November, 2016

Time: 12.00 - 3.00 pm

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions.

Observe further instructions on the answer booklet.



QUESTION ONE (Compulsory)

[30 Marks]

(a) Given $\frac{d}{dx}[x^n J_n] - x^n J_{n-1}$, $\frac{d}{dx}[x^{-n} J_n] = -x^{-n} J_{n+1}$, and $J_{\frac{1}{2}}(x) = \left(\frac{2}{\pi x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin x$. Show that:

(i) $J_{-\frac{1}{2}}(x) = \left(\frac{2}{\pi x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos x$. [5 Marks]

Hence find

(ii) $J_{\frac{3}{2}}(x)$ [3 Marks]

and

(iii) $J_{-\frac{3}{2}}(x)$ [3 Marks]

(b) Show that $\frac{1-t^2}{(1-2xt+t^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (2n+1)P_n t^n$. [7 Marks]

(c) Use differentiation to solve:

$$y(x) = x - \int_0^x xz^2 y(z) dz.$$

[7 Marks]

(d) Change the following differential equation into a Volterra integral equation:

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \omega^2 y = 0$$

such that $y(0) = 0$ and $y'(0) = 1$. [5 Marks]

QUESTION TWO

[20 Marks]

(a) Find the resolvent kernel of the integral equation:

$$u(x) = 1 + \lambda \int_0^1 xtu(t)dt$$

hence solve the equation.

[10 Marks]

b) Solve

$$\int_0^x y\phi(y)dy = f(x)$$

giving reasons for the existence of the solution.

[10 Marks]

QUESTION THREE

[20 Marks]

- (a) Convert $f(x) = e^x + \int_0^x (x-y)f(y)dy$ into a differential equation and hence show that its solution is

$$(\alpha + \beta x)e^x = \gamma e^{-x}$$

where α, β and γ are constants that should be determined.

- (b) Solve the following equation:

$$u(x) = e^x + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 e^{x-t} u(t) dt$$

by

- (i) the method of successive approximation. [6 Marks]

- (ii) letting $C = \int_0^1 e^{-t} u(t) dt$. [5 Marks]

QUESTION FOUR

[20 Marks]

- (a) (i) Evaluate $\delta_q^p A_s^{qr}$.

- (ii) Show that every tensor can be expressed as the sum of two tensors one of which is symmetric and the other skew-symmetric in a pair of covariant or contravariant indices. [9 Marks]

- (b) If A^i and B_j are components of a contravariant and covariant tensors respectively of rank one, show that:

$$C_j^i = A^i B_j$$

are the components of a mixed tensor of rank two. [11 Marks]

QUESTION FIVE

[20 Marks]

- (a) Find the Neumann series for the solution of the integral equation:

$$u(x) = (1+x) + \lambda \int_0^x (x-t)u(t)dt.$$

[10 Marks]

- (b) Solve

$$y(x) = x + \lambda \int_0^1 (xz + z^2)y(z)dz.$$

[10 Marks]