Name………………………………………………… .........Index Number………………………..………….

Date…………………………………………........... Candidates Sign.....………………………………….......

311/1

History and Government

Paper 1

July/ August 2017

 TIME: 2 $\frac{1}{2}$Hours

**JULY/AUGUST EXAM**

History and Government

Paper 1

2 $\frac{1}{2}$Hours

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. *This paper consists of section A, B and C*
2. *Answer all questions in section A, three questions from section B and two questions from section C*
3. *Answers to all the questions be written on the full scarps provided.*
4. *Candidates should answer the questions in English*

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| --- | --- | --- |
| A |  B |  C |
| 1-17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**SECTION A (25 MARKS)**

 *Answer all questions in this section.*

1. Give two importance of archaeology in the reconstruction of the pre-history of Kenya society. (2marks)
2. State one way in which the knowledge of iron working helped in the migration of the Bantu. (1mark)
3. Give two duties of warriors among the Maasai during the pre-colonial period. (2marks)
4. Highlight one reason why the Portuguese failed to spread Christianity among the coastal people of Kenya. (1mark)
5. State two conditions under which a person can acquire Dual citizen in Kenya. (2marks)
6. Give one advantage of using arbitration as a method of solving conflicts. (1mark)
7. Name the constitutional commission responsible for defending Human Rights in Kenya.

 (1mark)

1. State the main constitutional amendment in Kenya in 1991. (1mark)
2. Give two reasons why the British government used the imperial British East Africa Company (IBEAC) to administer Kenya. (2marks)
3. Identify one reason why appointed chiefs were unpopular among the Africans in Kenya during the colonial period. (1mark)
4. State the main cause of conflict between the Agikuyu and the church of Scotland in 1929. (1mark)
5. Highlight two reforms that resulted from the Lyttelton constitution of 1954. (2marks)
6. State two occasions when the president attends the parliament in Kenya. (2 marks)
7. Give two conditions a person must fulfill in order to be registered as a voter in Kenya. (2marks)
8. What is the main function of the Attorney General in the Government of Kenya? (1mark)
9. Give two challenges facing industrial growth in Kenya since independence. (2marks)
10. Who is the chief Executive of the county government in Kenya? (mark)

**SECTION B (45 MARKS)**

*Answer three questions in this section.*

1. (a)Give five results of the interaction between the Cushites and the Bantu in pre-colonial Kenya. (5marks)

 (b)Describe the social organization of the Borana during the pre-colonial period. (10marks)

1. (a)State five factors that influenced Nabongo Mumia of the Wanga to collaborate with the British. (5marks)

(b)Explain five reasons for the failure of the armed resistance by Kenyan community.

 (10marks)

1. (a)State five terms of the Devonshire white paper of 1923. (5marks)

(b)Explain five effects of land alienation on Africans in Kenya during the colonial period. (10mark)

1. (a)Give five factors that promoted nationalism in Kenya after 1945. (5 marks)

(b) Explain five factors that promoted nationalism in Kenya after 1945. (10 marks)

 **SECTION C (30 Marks)**

*Answer two questions in this section.*

1. (a)Give three reasons why National integration is important in Kenya. (3marks)

(b)Highlight six values of good citizenship in Kenya. (12marks)

1. (a)State the composition of the cabinet in Kenya. (3 marks)

(b)Describe six functions of the public service commission in Kenya. (12marks)

1. (a)State three types of funds established by the constitution of Kenya. (3 marks)

(b)Explain six measures put in place by the National Government of Kenya to ensure that public finance is properly used. (12marks)