KABARAK



UNIVERSITY

EXAMINATIONS

2008/2009 ACADEMIC YEAR

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION

SCIENCE

COURSE CODE: MATH 121

COURSE TITLE: CALCULUS II

STREAM: SESSION II & III

DAY: THURSDAY

TIME: 2.00 – 4.00 P.M.

DATE: 09/04/2009

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer question ONE and any other TWO

PLEASE TURN OVER

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

(a) Evaluate the following integrals

(i)
$$\int x \sin(x^2) dx$$
 (3 marks)

(ii)
$$\int Inxdx$$
 (4 marks)

(iii)
$$\int \frac{x+2}{1-x} dx$$
 (3 marks)

(b) Find the solution to the differential equation

$$(1+x^2)\frac{dy}{dx} + xe^{-y} = 0$$
, given that $x = 0, y = 1$. (5 marks)

(c) Find the area between the curve
$$y^2 = x$$
 and the line $x = 2$ (4 marks)

(d) Use the trapezoidal rule with n=4 to estimate $\int_{1}^{2} x^{2} dx$ and calculate the difference between the estimate and the exact answer. (5 marks)

(e) Find the length of the curve

$$\frac{1}{3}(x^2+2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$
 between $x=0$ and $x=3$. (6 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

(a) Integrate by parts with respect to $x^{2} \sin x$

(5 marks)

(b) Use partial fractions to evaluate
$$\int_{3}^{5} \frac{2}{x^{2}-1} dx$$
 (7 marks)

(c) Use the substitution methods to solve

(i)
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(4-x^2)}}$$
 (4 marks)
(ii) $\int_{0}^{1} x(1+x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$ (4 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

(a) Resolve
$$\frac{x^3 + x^2 + x + 2}{x^4 + 3x^2 + 2}$$
 into partial fractions. Hence evaluate

$$\int \frac{x^3 + x^2 + x + 2}{x^4 + 3x^2 + 2} dx$$
 [Hint: $x^2 + 1$ is a factor of $x^4 + 3x^2 + 2$]. (10 marks)

(b) Evaluate
$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{dx}{x^{2}\sqrt{(x-1)}}$$
 by means of substitution $x = \sec^{2}\theta$. (10 marks)
OUSTION FOUR (20 MARKS)
(a) If $I_{n} = \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x^{n} \sin x dx$, Prove that for $n \ge 2$
 $I_{n} + n(n-1)I_{n-2} = n(\frac{\pi}{2})^{n-1}$. Hence calculate the value of
 $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x^{3} \sin x dx$. (14 marks)
(b) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2} x \cos^{3} x dx$. (6 marks)
QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)
(a) Find the volume generated when the area enclosed by the x-axis and the curve
 $y = 3x^{2} - x^{3}$ is rotated about x-axis. (4 marks)
(b) Tabulate to 3 decimal places the values of the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ for values of x
from 1 to 2 at intervals of 0.1. (4 marks)
(c) Use the values in (a) above to estimate $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{x} dx$ by
(i) Trapezoidal rule (ii) Simpson's rule (8 marks)
(c) Evaluate $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{1}{x} dx$ by integration. Hence determine the percentage error in the values
obtained in (b) above. (4 marks)