UNIVERSITY OF NAIROBI

SCHOOL OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TEST (CAT 1)

SBT 102: INTRODUCTION BIOCHEMISTRY AND GENETICS

DATE: AUGUST 6, 2013

TIME: 1 HOUR

NAME:

REGISTRATION NUMBER:

SECTION A: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THE SPACES PROVIDED (15 MARKS)

- 1. Chromosomes that have the centromere at the extreme end are said to be
- 2. The mRNA sequence complimentary to sequence GGAATTCC of DNA is
- 3.Two chromosomes that contain corresponding types of genetic material are said to be
- 4.A gene that masks the effect of another non- allelic gene is said to be
- 5. The domestic fowl exhibits sex system
- 6.A small DNA molecule composed of a pentose sugar, a phosphate group and a purine or pyrimidine and is known as
- 7.In order to be male, an animal must have a single Y chromosome? (true/false)
- 8.In Drosophila, red eyes are dominant over white eyes and the gene is carried on the X chromosome. If a white eyed female is crossed with a red eyed male, out of 1000 male F1 offspring, the number of offspring that would be expected to have white eyes is
- For questions 9- 15 tick the correct answer.
- 9.An F2 monhybrid ratio of 1:2:1 indicates a case of:
- a.Sex linkage
- b.Incomplete dominance
- c.Lethal gene
- d.Complete dominance
- 10. How many F2 genotypes will be produced from the parental cross CCDDEE *ccddee?
- a.8
- b.9
- c.27
- d.16
- 11. During anaphase I of meiosis:
- a. Sister chromatids separate
- b. Homolgous chromosomes separate
- c.Crossing over is thought to occur
- d. The sister chromatids are called a bivalent
- 12. None of the offspring produced in a cross between a plant with purple flowers and one with white flowers was white. If purple is dormant to white, we can conclude that:

- a. The white plant was heterozygous
- b. The purple plant was homozygous
- c. The purple was heterozygous
- d.White is epistatic to purple
- 13. The S cell cycle phase during mitosis is characterized by:
- a. Growth of organelles
- b.DNA replication
- c.Cell growth and differentiation
- d.Cell division
- 14.In humans, haemophilia is a sex linked trait. The chance that a couple will produce a haemophilic son if the mother is haemophilic and the father is normal is:
- a.0%
- b.25%
- c.50%
- d.100%
- 15.If a culture of bacteria is grown on medium containing heavy nitrogwen and then transferred to a medium containing light nitrogen and the DNA subsequently characterized, then:
- a.All the DNA will contain heavy nitrogen
- b.All the DNA will contain light nitrogen
- c.DNA molecules will contain either heavy or light nitrogen but not both.
- d.DNA molecules with both heavy and light nitrogen will be formed.
- SECTION B: ANSWER ALL THREE QUESTIONS IN THE SPACES PROVIDED (5 MARKS EACH)
- 16. Across involving two traits produced F1 offspring in the phenotypic ratio 3:6:3:1:2:1. In what phenotypic ratios did the two characters segregate independently? Explain using a suitable example.
- 17. State two similarities and three difference between prophase of mitosis and meiosis.
- 18. Compare and contrast the structure of DNA and RNA.