



UNIVERSITY OF EMBU

2016/2017 ACADEMIC YEAR

SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION

FOURTH YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

SMA 425: PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS I

DATE: APRIL 4, 2017

TIME: 11:00AM-1:00PM

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer Question ONE and ANY Other TWO Questions.

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Define the following terms: (3 marks)
- Linear partial differential equation
 - Semi-linear partial differential equation
 - Quasi-linear differential equation

- b) Determine the necessary and sufficient condition of compatibility of two non-linear first order partial differential equations (4 marks)

$$f(x, y, z, p, q) = 0$$

$$g(x, y, z, p, q) = 0$$

- c) Form a partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary constants a and b in the given function. (5 marks)

$$2z = \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2}$$

- d) Find the general solution of the partial differential equation (4 marks)

$$3p + 5q = 2$$

- e) Solve the non-linear partial differential equation (5 marks)

$$pq + qx = y$$

- f) Show that the direction cosines of the tangent at the point (x, y, z) to the conic (5 marks)

$$ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1, x + y + z = 1 \text{ are proportional to } (by - cz, cz - ax, ax - by)$$

- g) If u is a function of x, y and z which satisfies the partial differential equation (4 marks)

$$(y - z)\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + (z - x)\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + (x - y)\frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$$

Show that u contains x, y and z only in the combinations $x + y + z$ and $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Find complete and singular solutions to the given differential equation (7 marks)

$$z = px + qy + p^2 + pq + q^2$$

- b) Find the condition that the plane $lx + my + nz + p = 0$ should touch the central conicoid (8 marks)

$$ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2 = 1$$

- c) Solve the given non-linear partial differential equation and identify singular point if any. (5 marks)

$$p^2 + q^2 = 9$$

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Find a differential equation arising from

$$\phi(x + y + z, x^2 + y^2 - z^2) = 0$$

(8 marks)

- b) Find general solution of the partial differential equation

$$(y - z)p + (x - y)q = z - x$$

(7 marks)

- c) Solve the non linear differential equation

$$p - q = x^2 + y^2$$

(5 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Solve for the complete and singular solutions in the given differential equation

$$4(1 + z^3) = 9z^4 pq$$

(8 marks)

- b) By use of transformation method solve the differential equation

$$4xyz = pq + 2px^2y + 2qxy^2$$

(7 marks)

- c) Find the integral curves of the equation

$$\frac{dx}{y-x} = \frac{dy}{x+y} = \frac{zdz}{x^2+y^2}$$

(5 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Find the general integral surface of the quasi-linear partial differential equation

$$x(y^2 + z)p - y(x^2 + z)q = (x^2 - y^2)z \quad (10 \text{ marks})$$

- b) Derive the condition of integrability of the shown Pfaffian differential equation .

$$(y^2 + yz)dx + (xz + z^2)dy + (y^2 - xy)dz = 0$$

Hence, show that keeping z constant, the integration of the equation yields the following relation.

$$\frac{y(x+z)}{y+z} = F(z) \quad \text{where, } F(z) \text{ is an arbitrary function of } z \quad (10 \text{ marks})$$

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