



UNIVERSITY OF EMBU

2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR

SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

FOURTH YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE,
BACHELOR OF EDUCATION (SCIENCE) AND BACHELOR OF EDUCATION (ARTS)

SMA 420 MATHEMATICAL MODELLING

DATE: APRIL 10, 2018

TIME: 8:30 AM – 10:30 AM

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer Question ONE and ANY Other TWO Questions.

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

a) Define the following terminologies used in mathematical modelling

- i) Mathematical modeling (2 marks)
- ii) Carrying capacity (1 mark)
- iii) Dynamic modelling (2 marks)

b) Solve for the given initial value problems (5 marks)

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{y - t^2y}, \quad y(0) = 4$$

c) Find the half-life of a radioactive substance with decay equation $y = y_0e^{-kt}$ and show that the half-life depends only on k . (5 marks)

d) At the beginning of the summer, the population of a hive of bald-faced hornets is growing at a rate proportional to the population. From a population of 10 on May 1, the number of hornets grows to 50 in thirty days. If the growth continues to follow the same model, how many days after May 1 will the population reach 100? (5 marks)

e) Find the growth rate and stable stage distribution of the coyote model whose matrix is

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0.11 & 0.15 & 0.15 \\ 0.3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.6 & 0.6 \end{pmatrix}$$

Will the population grow or decline?

(5 marks)

f) For the predator–prey model,

$$P_{t+1} = P_t(1 + 1.6(1 - P_t)) - 0.1P_tQ_t$$

$$Q_{t+1} = 0.3Q_t + 0.6P_tQ_t$$

Compute the equilibria. Which ones are biologically meaningful?

(5 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Discuss the steps involved in model formulation (6 marks)
- b) According to United Nations data, the world population in 1998 was approximately 5.9 billion and growing at a rate of about 1.33% per year. Assuming an exponential growth model, estimate the world population at the beginning of the year 2023. (4 marks)
- c) In 2005 and 2007, the Michigan Department of Natural Resources airlifted 61 moose from Algonquin Park, Ontario to Marquette County in the Upper Peninsula. It was originally hoped that the population P would reach carrying capacity in about 25 years with a growth rate of

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = 0.00003P(2000 - P)$$

- i) According to the model, what is the carrying capacity? (2 marks)
- ii) With a calculator, generate a slope field for the differential equation. (3 marks)
- iii) Solve the differential equation with the initial condition $P(0)=61$ and show that it conforms to the slope field. (5 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

a) Consider the one parameter family model described by the equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = y^3 + \alpha y + y$$

- i) Locate the bifurcation value and describe the bifurcation that takes place (4 marks)
- ii) Draw the bifurcation diagram (5 marks)
- b) A bird species lives on two islands, North Island and South Island. On the North Island the population increases through births and deaths by 25% each year whereas on the south Island it

increases by through birth and deaths by 10% each year. In addition, each year 400 birds leave the North Island, one-quarter of which go to the South Island.

- i) Write down a word equation that defines the population on each Island (2 marks)
- ii) Write down, formally, the set of difference equations that model this problem after n years. Define all the variables and explain your terms. (4 marks)

c) Consider the logistic difference equation

$$x_{n+1} = rx_n(1 - x_n)$$

- i) Show that the fixed points of the logistic difference equation are $x^* = 0$ and $x^* = (r - 1)/r$ (2 marks)

d) Determine the stability of the fixed points as a function of r and explain the biological implications of your answer. (3 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a) Consider a population described by the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = y^3 - 4y + 2$$

- i) Find the equilibrium points, their stability and draw the phase portrait (4 marks)
- ii) Describe the long-term behavior of the population with the given initial population (2 marks)

b) Solve for the given initial value problems (7 marks)

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{y-t^2y}, \quad y(4)=4$$

- c) Consider the difference equation $x_{n+1} = f(x_n)$ $x_0 = X$. Explain how Cobwebbing is used to determine the dynamics of this model for the specified initial condition. (4 marks)
- d) A hard-boiled egg at 98°C is put in a pan under running 18°C water to cool. After 5 minutes, the egg's temperature is found to be 38°C. How much longer will it take the egg to reach 20°C? (3 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

In the competition model for two species with populations N_1 and N_2

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dN_1}{dt} &= r_1 N_1 \left(1 - \frac{N_1}{K_1} - b_{12} \frac{N_2}{K_1} \right), \\ \frac{dN_2}{dt} &= r_2 N_2 \left(1 - b_{21} \frac{N_1}{K_2} \right), \end{aligned}$$

where only one species, N_1 , has limited carrying capacity.

- a) Non-dimensionalise the system and determine the steady states. (5 marks)
- b) Investigate their stability and sketch the phase plane trajectories. (5 marks)
- c) Show that irrespective of the size of the parameters the principle of competitive exclusion holds. (5 marks)
- d) Briefly describe under what ecological circumstances the species N_2 becomes extinct. (5 marks)

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