Name:	Index no:
School:	Date:
BUMU JOINT EXAMINATIONS 2016	
312/2	
Geography	
Paper 2	
May/June 2016	
Time: 2hrs 45mins	

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E)

BUMU JOINT EXAMINATIONS 2016

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E)

Geography Paper 2

Instructions to Candidates

- 1. This paper has two sections A and B.
- 2. Answer all questions in Section A.
- 3. In section B answer question 6 and any other two questions.
- 4. All answers must be written in the answer booklet provided.
- 5. This paper consists of printed pages. Candidates should ensure that all pages are printed as indicated and that no question is missing.

SECTION A

1. a) Define the term 'fisheries'

b) Mention three factors that have favoured fishing in Lake Victoria.	(3 mks)
2. a) State three factors that favour the growth of softwood forests in Kenya.b) Give two softwood trees found in Kenya.	(3mks) (2mks)
3. a) Distinguish between population distribution and population density.	(2mks)
b) State three problems created by the decline of population in developed countries.	(3mks)
4. a) Define urbanisation.	(2mks)
b) State three social problems experienced in urban centres.	(3mks)

SECTION B

5. a) What is a polder?

Answer question 6 and any other two questions from this section.

b) Name three crops grown in the polders.

6. Study the photograph below and use it to answer questions.



(2mks)

(2mks)

(3mks)

	a) i) Name the type of photograph shown above.	(2mks)
	ii) What activity is being carried out in the foreground of the photograph?	(1mk)
	iii) Explain any four factors that favour the growth of tea in this area.	(8mks)
	Describe the stages involved in cultivation of tea from land preparation to the stage	
	shown in the photograph.	
	c) Name any two areas in Kenya where tea is grown.	(2mks)
	d) State any five challenges that face tea farmers in Kenya.	(5mks)
7.	a) Define the following terms as used in trade.	
	i) Tariff	(1mk)
	ii) Quota	(1mk)
	iii) Incentives	(1mk)
	iv) Balance of payment	(1mk)
	b) Explain four factors that inhibit trade between Kenya and her neighbours.	(8mks)
	c) State five problems developing countries face in international trade.	(5mks)
	d) Explain four measures Kenya has taken to reduce her unfavourable balance	e of trade
		(8mks)
8.	a) i) Name three major car manufacturing zones in Japan.	(3mks)
	ii) State four problems in Kenya associated with industrialisation.	(4mks)
	iii) Give two non food industries based in Thika town.	(2mks)
	b) Give four characteristics of cottage industry in India.	(4mks)
	c) Explain why the Kenyan Government is determined to support the 'Jua Ka	` ′
	, — . — . — . — . — . — . — . — . — . —	(6mks)
	d) i) Name three types of industries found in the Ruhr region.	(3mks)
	ii) State three factors influencing the development of the Ruhr region.	(3mks)

9. a) Study the map of Africa below and answer the questions that follow.



a)	i) Name the dams marked.	(3mks)
	A	
	B	
	C	
	ii) State four physical conditions necessary for construction of hydro-electric power d	lam.
		(4mks)
	iii) Explain four reasons why Africa's HEP is not fully developed.	(8mks)
b)	i) What is energy crisis?	(2mks)
	ii) State four causes of energy crisis.	(4mks)
	iii) Give four ways in which the problems of energy crisis can be solved in Kenya	(4mks)
10.	a) i) Distinguish between management and conservation of environment.	(2mks)
	ii) Apart from flooding, give two other forms of environmental hazards experience	d in
	Kenya	(8mks)
	b) i) Identify three areas that are prone to frequent flooding.	(3mks)
	ii) Explain four measures that are taken to control flooding in Kenya.	(8mks)
	iii) State four problems resulting from flooding.	(4mks)
c)	Explain three reasons why it is necessary to manage and conserve environment.	(6mks)

