

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY SUPPLEMENTARY/SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS.

FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF  
SCIENCE IN CHEMISTRY

CHEM 102: INORGANIC AND PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

STREAMS: B.SC (GENERAL)

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: WEDNESDAY 12/09/2018

2.30 P.M - 4.30 P.M

QUESTION 1 [30 MARKS]

- a). Differentiate between covalent and ionic bonds [3 Marks]
- b). Electrons in atoms of elements are described using four quantum numbers.
- i) State the four quantum numbers [2 Marks]
- ii) State the significance of each quantum number [4 Marks]
- c). i) Give two characteristics of an orbital [2 Marks]
- ii) Write the electronic configuration for elements V(V=23) [2 Marks]
- d) The periodic table shows the arrangement of elements according to the atomic numbers.
- i) What do elements in the same group have in common? [2 Marks]
- ii) What do elements in the same period have in common? [2 Marks]
- iii) Give one major difference between the metals and non metals [2 Marks]
- iv) Why are metals generally electropositive while non metals are electronegative? [2 Marks]
- e). Write the Lewis structures for the following molecules and polyatomic ions. In each case, the first atom is the central atom. [4 Marks]
- i)  $\text{CCl}_4$
- ii)  $\text{NCl}_3$
- iii)  $\text{COCl}_2$
- iv)  $\text{SO}_3$
- f) . A reagent bottle is labeled 0.450 M  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$
- i) How many moles of  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  are present in 45.6 ml of this solution? [3 Marks]

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ii) How many ml of this solution are required to furnish 0.800 mole of  $K_2CO_3$ ? [2 Marks]

### QUESTION 2 [20 MARKS]

a) Define the following terms:

i) Mass number (A) [1 Mark]

ii) Atomic number (Z) [1 Mark]

iii) Isotopes [1 Mark]

a) Taking Y a general symbol for an element, indicate how Z and A are indicated on the symbol Y [1 Mark]

c) Give the equation for the ionic product of water ( $K_w$ ) [2 Marks]

d) Explain the equation for the pH of a solution [2 Marks]

d) Give that the  $K_w$  for water is  $10^{-14}$ . Calculate at  $25^\circ C$

i) The  $[H^+]$  and pH of a tap water sample in which  $[OH^-] = 2.0 \times 10^{-7}$  [4 Marks]

ii) The  $[H^+]$  and  $[OH^-]$  of human blood at pH 7.40 [4 Marks]

iii) The pOH of a solution in which  $[H^+] = 5.0[OH^-]$  [4 Marks]

### QUESTION 3 [20 MARKS]

a) i) Derive the ideal gas law, explaining each term used in the equation [2 Marks]

ii) Explain how the ideal gas law is used to determine the density of any gas [2 Marks]  
Explain how the real gases deviated from the ideal gases in obeying the ideal gas law [4 Marks]

b) Explain briefly how the mass spectrometer is used to measure both the relative atomic masses of individual atoms and their isotopic abundances with the help of a graph [4 Marks]

c) Give the formula of an ion or molecule in which an atom of ;

i) N forms three bonds using  $sp^3$  hybrid orbitals [1 Mark]

ii) N forms two Pi bonds and one sigma bond [2 Marks]

iii) O forms one sigma and one pi bond [2 Marks]

d) State the Avogadro's law [1 Mark]

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- e) A sample of an ideal gas at 0.93 atm and 25 °C occupied a volume of 17.3 L. This gas was transferred to a 3.7 L container without a temperature change. Calculate the pressure of the gas under the new conditions [2 Marks]

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