

ATD LEVEL III

PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS

MONDAY: 21 May 2018.			Time Allowed: 3 hours.			
Answe	r any FI	VE questions.	ALL questions carry equal marks.			
QUES'	ΓΙΟΝ Ο Summ	NE arise four uses of a production possibility curve.	(4 marks)			
(b)	Differe	entiate between "stable market equilibrium" and "unstable market equilibrium"	um". (4 marks)			
(c)	Outline	(4 marks)				
(d)	Discus	s four applications of the concept of elasticity of demand in an economy.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)			
QUES'	ΓΙΟΝ Τ΄ Highli	WO ght four functions of money.	(4 marks)			
(b)	Explain three reasons why the elasticity of supply of agricultural goods is ever low.					
(c)	A rational firm in a competitive market has the demand structure and total cost function represented by:					
	Demand, $P = 50$					
	Total cost, TC = $10 + 5Q^2$					
	Where	P = Price TC = Total cost Q = Quantity				
	Requir	red: Average fixed cost function.	(2 marks)			
	(ii)	Average variable cost function.	(2 marks)			
	(iii)	Marginal cost function.	(2 marks)			
	(iv)	The profit maximising level of output.	(2 marks)			
	(v)	Maximum profit.	(2 marks) (Total: 20 marks)			
QUEST (a)	Γ ΙΟΝ Τ Ι (i)	HREE Define the term "capital" as a factor of production.	(2 marks)			
	(ii)	Summarise four roles of capital in economic development.	(4 marks)			
(b)	Highlight four factors that might lead to increasing return to scale in the production process. (4 mark					
(c)	Differentiate between "marginal cost" and "marginal revenue". (4 marks)					
(d)	Describ	be three circumstances under which the concept of opportunity cost is appli	cable in an economy. (6 marks) (Total: 20 marks)			

AD31 Page 1 Out of 2

QUEST	ΓΙΟΝ FC (i)	UR Define the term "fiscal policy".		(2 montes)			
(a)	(i) (ii)	List four instruments of fiscal po	Nov	(2 marks)			
		•	·	(4 marks)			
(b)	Outline	Outline six objectives of fiscal policies in an economy. (6 mark					
(c)	The following data relate to a hypothetical economy of country Zed:						
	Sh. "million" Imports 3,000						
	Exports 5,000						
		mous consumption ment spending	30,000 24,000				
	Investment 6,000						
	Required: The equilibrium national income of country Zed, given that the country's marginal propensity to save is 0.4. (8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)						
_	TION FI						
(a)	Summarise five benefits of economic growth and development to an economy. (5 mar						
(b)	Enumer	Enumerate five factors that could limit credit creation by commercial banks. (5 marks)					
(c)	Explain the effects of high interest rates on:						
	(i)	Investments.		(2 marks)			
	(ii)	Inflation.		(2 marks)			
	(iii)	Employment.		(2 marks)			
	(iv)	Exchange rate.		(2 marks)			
	(v)	National income.		(2 marks) (Total: 20 marks)			
QUEST	FION SIX With the good.		m, using indifference curve analysis, derive the demand	curve for a normal (8 marks)			
(b)	Outline	six salient features of a firm oper	ating under oligopoly market.	(6 marks)			
(c)	(i)	Explain the term per capita inco	me.	(2 marks)			
	(ii)	Highlight four uses of per capita	income.	(4 marks) (Total: 20 marks)			
OHEST	TION SE	s/Pai		(Total. 20 marks)			
(a)		the term "money illusion".		(2 marks)			
(b)	With the	e help of a diagram, explain inela	stic supply.	(4 marks)			
(c)	(i)	Define the term "economic plan	ning".	(2 marks)			
	(ii) Suggest six policy measures that could be implemented to combat poverty in developing countries. (6 marks)						
(d)	The market demand and supply functions of commodity X are given below:						
	$Q_{d} = 50 - 2P$						
	$Q_s = -40 + 3P$						
	Where:	Q_d is the quantity demanded Q_s is the quantity supplied P is the price					
	Require The equ	ed: ilibrium price and quantity of cor	nmodity X .	(6 marks) (Total: 20 marks)			
		••••••		AD31 Page 2			