UNIVERSITY OF NAIROBI DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

SPH 101 - MECHANICS I

Date: 5/11/2019

1. (a) Define a dot product of 2 vectors.

(1 mark)

(b) Two sides of a triangle are formed by vectors A = 3i + 6j - 2k and B = 4i - j + 3k. Determine the angle between the vectors A and B.

(2 marks)

- 2. (a) Give a concise definition of torque (7) hence establish the vector relation between torque T and the force F acting at a perpendicular distance r. (4 marks)
 - (b) A torque of 1Nm is applied to a wheel of mass 10 kg and radius of Gyration 50cm. Calculate the acceleration of the wheel.

(3 marks)

- 3 a) A particle of mass m is moving with velocity ν , show that its kinetic energy K is given by; $K = \frac{P^2}{2m}$ where p is the linear momentum of the particle. (2 marks)
 - b) The particle in (a) above has the mass of 0.04 kg has the same kinetic energy as a baseball of mass 0.145 kg. Determine which of these 2 objects has a greater momentum.

(2 marks)

4. a) A box of mass 72 kg slides down a 15° inclined plane as shown below. Given that the mass accelerates at 0.72 m/s², calculate the coefficient of frictional force acting up the slope.



(3 marks)

a) State the Bernoulli's theorem.

(1 mark)

b) Water flows in a horizontal pipe line of varying cross-sections. At a point where the pressure of water is 0.05 m of mercury, the velocity of the flow is 0.25 m/s. Calculate the pressure at another point where the velocity of flow is 0.4 m/s given that the density of water is $1000 kg/m^3$.

(2 marks)